UK approach to crime prevention

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Contents of presentation

• Context setting

• Provide an overview of who Police Crime Prevention Initiatives are

• The strategic approach to crime prevention in the United Kingdom
  Legislation
  Guidance
  Education
  Use of partners

• To examine how we seek to place design between crime and the community
  Physical security
  Crime Prevention Through Environmental Design (CPTED)

• Explore a range of crime prevention tools available in the United Kingdom
  Designing out crime in the built environment
  The Internet of Things (IoT)
  Crime within the night-time economy
  Education

• Sustainable crime prevention and generating community safety
Looking backwards…

“The test of police efficiency is the absence of crime and disorder, not the visible evidence of police action in dealing with it”

In 1892 Sir Robert Peel established British policing to prevent crime and protect the public

To deliver this ethos he developed nine key policing principles, based on three core ideas:

- To prevent crime and disorder
- Earn community support and trust in the police
- Support community principles and engage with members of the public
UK policing

The UK government has overall responsibility for keeping citizens safe and the country secure.

The Home Office is the lead government department for setting the national policing agenda and works in partnership with different organisations to oversee all aspects of policing.

To deliver this, in 1856 Her Majesty’s Inspectorate of Constabulary (HMIC) came into existence to become a guardian of professional standards for the Police Service.

In 2017, they also took on the inspections of all England’s fire and rescue services and updated their name to Her Majesty’s Inspectorate of Constabulary and Fire Services (HMICFRS) to reflect this.
UK policing

All police forces are also part of the National Police Chief’s Council (NPCC).

The NPCC brings together all UK police forces to co-ordinate operations and policing reforms, improve performance and provide value for money.

As some of the biggest threats to public safety are often national and international, the NPCC aims to bring collective strength by co-ordinating operational responses and mobilising forces across different borders.
Policing in England and Wales

England and Wales is broken down in 43 regions, each with a dedicated police force.

All forces are led by a Chief Officer and follow a rank structure set out in the Police Act 1996:
Police Constable 4119
Michael Brooke
Circa 1986 – aged 24 years
Who are Police Crime Prevention Initiatives?

• We are a police-owned organisation that works on behalf of the Police Service throughout the UK to deliver a wide range of crime prevention and police demand reduction initiatives.
• We act as a catalyst to bring organisations together to reduce crime and the fear of crime, and to create safer communities.
• Advisor to many government departments including Department for Levelling Up, Housing and Communities (DLUHC), Department for Science, Innovation & Technology (DSIT), and the Home Office.
• A portfolio holder of the National Police Chiefs’ Council (NPCC): Prevention Coordination Committee
• Very first initiative was: 
  
  ![Secured by Design](image)
  
  Secured by Design
  
  Official Police Security Initiative
  
  • Achieving crime reductions of up to 87%
  • Our Board comprises Chief Officers of Police from England, Scotland, Wales & Northern Ireland
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Role</th>
<th>Organisation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Gavin Stephens</td>
<td>Chair of NPCC, and Chair of the Police CPI Board of Directors</td>
<td>National Police Chiefs’ Council (NPCC)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Guy Ferguson</td>
<td>Chief Executive Officer</td>
<td>Police Crime Prevention Initiatives</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pamela Kelly</td>
<td>Chief Constable</td>
<td>Gwent Police</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mark McEwan</td>
<td>Assistant Chief Constable</td>
<td>Police Service of Northern Ireland</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Angela McLaren</td>
<td>Assistant Commissioner</td>
<td>City of London Police</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Robin Merrett</td>
<td>Head of Operational Oversight</td>
<td>Mayor’s Office for Policing and Crime</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gary Ritchie</td>
<td>Assistant Chief Constable</td>
<td>Police Scotland</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lesley Robinson</td>
<td>Director</td>
<td>British Marine</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Serena Kennedy</td>
<td>Chief Constable</td>
<td>Merseyside Police (NPCC Lead for C.P.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rosemary Scully</td>
<td>Director</td>
<td>Tantalum Consulting</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stephen Watson</td>
<td>Chief Constable</td>
<td>Greater Manchester Police</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Proud sponsor of the UK National Problem Solving Conference and Tilley Award winners present at these Goldstein Awards
To reduce crime and the fear of crime through environmental design and other crime reduction initiatives, to help create a safer and more inclusive society.

policecpi.com
UK landscape for crime prevention?
UK landscape for crime prevention?
UK landscape for crime prevention?
UK landscape for crime prevention?
UK landscape for crime prevention?
Let’s take a brief look at…

Legislation  
Guidance  
Education
Section 17 Crime and Disorder Act 1998

17: Duty to consider crime and disorder implications.

Without prejudice to any other obligation imposed on it, it shall be the duty of each authority to which this section applies to exercise its various functions with due regard to the likely effect of the exercise of those functions on, and the need to do all that it reasonably can to prevent,
(a) crime and disorder in its area (including anti-social and other behaviour adversely affecting the local environment); and
(b) the misuse of drugs, alcohol and other substances in its area; and
(c) re-offending in its area; and
(d) serious violence in its area

Applies to:
A local authority;
A joint authority;
A corporate joint committee;
A combined authority;
The London Fire Commissioner;
A fire and rescue authority;
A metropolitan county fire authority;
A local policing body;
A National Park authority;
The Broads Authority;
The Greater London Authority;
Transport for London.

POLICE CPI
Police Crime Prevention Initiatives
National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF)

97. Planning policies and decisions should promote public safety and take into account wider security and defense requirements by:

(a) anticipating and addressing possible malicious threats and natural hazards, especially in locations where large numbers of people are expected to congregate. Policies for relevant areas (such as town centre and regeneration frameworks), and the layout and design of developments, should be informed by the most up-to-date information available from the police and other agencies about the nature of potential threats and their implications. This includes appropriate and proportionate steps that can be taken to reduce vulnerability, increase resilience and ensure public safety and security; and …

92. Planning policies and decisions should aim to achieve healthy, inclusive and safe places which:

(a) …
(b) are safe and accessible, so that crime and disorder, and the fear of crime, do not undermine the quality of life or community cohesion – for example through the use of attractive, well-designed, clear and legible pedestrian and cycle routes, and high-quality public space, which encourage the active and continual use of public areas;
(c) …
Six Key Drivers Of Crime!
1. **Opportunity (removing or designing out)**
2. **Character (early intervention)**
3. **Criminal Justice Service (powerful deterrent)**
4. **Profit (harder to benefit financially)**
5. **Drugs (publish a new drug strategy...)**
6. **Alcohol (safe night time economy)**

(page 6)
Support and advice is available from the police through a network of Designing Out Crime Officers (DOCOs) across the UK. Secured by Design advice incorporates proven crime prevention techniques and measures into the layout and design of places and spaces.
PART Q SECURITY - Unauthorised access
Q1

 Applies to all new homes, and dwellings formed by a change of material use in England & Wales.

 Applies to all external doors, and easily accessible windows and roof lights.

 Includes doors to individual flats, communal entrance doorsets and garage doors where there is an interconnecting door within the garage.

The building must be designed and constructed in such a way that it adequately resists:

a) unauthorised access from outside the building;

and

(b) unauthorised access from within the building to flats within the building.
Reducing crime by good design

www.securedbydesign.com
Secured by Design

Existed since 1989

UK wide initiative to design out crime in new build environments and the refurbishment of existing

Best example of demand reduction for all agencies there is

Crime down by up to 87% on Secured by Design developments

Sustainable benefits that leaves a lasting legacy

Adapts to address new criminal methods

“To place design between crime and the community”
SBD Design Guides,
Home Office Safer Streets Fund,
Crime prevention and security advice,
Interactive 3D Design Guide,
Building Regulations for security,
Police Preferred Specification explained and search for the suppliers of such products,
Security standards explained,
Test and certification facilities,
Counter Terrorism,
Research, case studies and further guidance,
Security advice for businesses,
Sanctuary scheme,
Places of Worship

www.securedbydesign.com
If you don’t take into consideration the effect of crime

What will a new development look like in one year?
We don’t want a fortress!

Know the place?
Preventing crime by physical security
Police Preferred Specification for doors & windows
Police Preferred Specification for doors and windows (domestic). The security standards...

**Doors**
- PAS 24:2016
- STS 201 Issue 7:2015
- STS 202 Issue 6:2015 BR 2*
- LPS 1175 Issue 7.2:2014 SR 2*
- LPS 1175 Issue 8:2018 A3+*
- LPS 2081 Issue 1.1:2016 SR B
  *or above

**Windows**
- PAS 24:2016
- STS 202 Issue 7:2016 BR 1
- STS 204 Issue 6:2016
- LPS 1175 Issue 7.2:2014 SR 1*
- LPS 1175 Issue 8:2018 1/A1*
- LPS 2081 Issue 1.1:2016 SR A
  *or above

All products require independent 3<sup>rd</sup> party testing **AND** 3<sup>rd</sup> party certification, performed by a United Kingdom Accreditation Service (UKAS) organisation, with documentation in the name of the fabricator.
The UK’s Ministry Of Transport (M.O.T.). Why we don’t accept testing alone!
MEMBER COMPANY PRODUCT CATEGORIES

The Secured by Design membership scheme includes member companies whose products have been awarded the ‘Police Preferred Specification’ status.

The Secured by Design logo and title ‘Police Preferred Specification’ indicates that a company or a product meets the high standards set by Secured by Design. Usage of the logo is restricted exclusively to those products that have successfully tested to Secured by Design requirements.

For more information on a product or member company, click the category below.

Product Category
Access Covers
Alarms
Bicycle Security
Building Shell
CCTV
Crime Reporting
Door blank
Doors
Drug Detection
Electronic Door Entry
Fogging Devices
Garage Doors & Vehicular Roller Shutter Doors
Glazing
Lighting
Locks & Hardware
Mail Delivery
National Building Approval
Outdoor Storage
Personal Security, Lone Worker & Vulnerable Person Protection
Physical Perimeter Security

Property & Asset Registration
RFID Security
Risk Management
Safes & Secure Enclosures
Security Grilles
Shutters
Training
Vehicle Security
Walling Systems
Windows
For best results? Design and physical security together
Other key benefits?
1. Reduced repair & maintenance costs
2. Reduced demand on other agencies
3. Higher occupation levels
4. Long-term sustainability!
5. Reduced misery!
For the prevention of crime in the built environment, we produce a range of design guides for many different sectors:

- Home
- Educational Premises
- Commercial
- Licensed Premises
- Healthcare
- Self Build
- Construction Site Security

www.securedbydesign.com
The Internet of Things (I.O.T.)

Smart Home Security Alarms
Intelligent CCTV Systems
IoT Threat Landscape

In 2020, the average UK household had around **10.3** internet connected devices.

1 in 5 UK consumers bought a new digital device during lockdown.

In the first half of 2021, around **1.51 billion attacks** were made on IoT devices, which doubled from the year before.

The number of internet connected devices across the world has increased to 35 billion and that number continues to rise, with the prediction being **75 billion by 2025**.
Remember I mentioned…

Legislation

Guidance

Education
Product Security and Telecommunications Infrastructure (PSTI) Act 2022

• In 2018, the Government published the Code of Practice for Consumer IoT Security, developed by the Department for Culture, Media, and Sport (DCMS), which sets out a benchmark of best practice for manufacturers to follow when developing IoT products.

• This was influenced by the ETSI EN 303 645 standard which outlines 13 provisions of best practice and 3 of those was implemented into the PSTI Act.

• The PSTI Act received Royal Assent on the 6th of December 2022.

• It applies to all IoT consumer products and requires manufacturers, importers and distributors to ensure that minimum security requirements are met (compliance required by 29th April 2024).

• Provides a robust regulatory framework that can adapt and remain effective in the face of rapid technology advancement, the evolving techniques employed by malicious actors and the broader international regulatory landscape.
The Internet of Things (IoT)
But wait!

This is not just about security products!
Secure Connected Device (SCD) Accreditation

1. Enquiry
2. Scoping
3. Results
4. Certification
5. Accreditation

Against all 13 elements of...

- Monitor system telemetry data
- Make installation and maintenance of devices easy
- Validate input data
- Make systems resilient to outages
- No default passwords
- Implement a vulnerability disclosure policy
- Keep software updated
- Ensure that personal data is protected
- Ensure software integrity
- Minimise exposed attack surfaces
- Securely store credentials and security-sensitive data
- Communicate securely
Some member companies:

- Yale
- uWatch
- BT REDCARE
- ERA
- ring
- SQUIRE
- TYMAN group
- mighton
- Make It Once, Make It Mighton
- SALTO
- Police Crime Prevention Initiatives
ALCOHOL-RELATED CRIMES
Licensing Act 2003 contains four Licensing Objectives:

1. The Prevention of Crime and Disorder
2. Public Safety
3. The Prevention of Public Nuisance
4. The Protection of Children from Harm
People feel significantly less safe in licensed premises now than prior to COVID-19

More than 80% of women want safer pubs, bars and restaurants, says YouGov survey

Safety defined as ‘where efforts have been made to prevent crime, reduce harm and where staff will support you if you are feeling vulnerable’.

The fall in feeling safe was consistent across a wide range of licensed premises from bars, pubs and nightclubs to restaurants, hotels and guest houses, theatres, stadiums and arenas and sports and social clubs.

Up to 50% of adults would be ‘more likely’ to visit a bar or pub that achieved a police award for safety

Three out of four adults – particularly women – want improved safety in bars, pubs and nightclubs, says YouGov Survey

Customer safety is key to hospitality sector recovery, YouGov survey reveals
Licensing SAVI
A police-backed security initiative for licensed premises to provide safer and more secure environments

START SELF ASSESSMENT
ALREADY REGISTERED

www.licensingsavi.com
What is Licensing SAVI?

• Licensing Security and Vulnerability Initiative (Licensing SAVI) is a confidential, online, self-assessment tool designed to help the owners and operators of licensed premises provide a safer and more secure environment for their managers, staff, customers and local communities.
• Developed following a request by the Home Office
• Evolved following significant input from UK government security experts and licensing professionals
• LSAVI raises awareness of the relationship between venues and problems within the Night-time Economy and the wider public realm
• Crime and vulnerability – raises awareness of trends and identifies good practice for prevention
• An initiative supporting the alcoholic drinks industry
The adoption of an "Age Verification Policy" is a legal requirement under the Licensing Act 2003 and applies in relation to the sale and supply of alcohol from these premises.

**UNDER 25**

It's an offence to purchase or attempt to purchase alcohol if you're under 18.

Staff have been instructed that if you look under 25 years of age, you'll be asked to show identification (driving licence photocard, passport, cards having the PASS hologram) proving you are 18 years old or older when you buy alcohol.

**WARNING**

Staff will refuse to serve persons they suspect are drunk or under the influence of controlled drugs.

Anyone found using or in possession of controlled drugs at this venue will be banned.

Our management and staff reserve the right to refuse to admit persons into the venue or serve them.

Anyone failing to comply will be reported to the police.

**RESPECT OUR NEighbours**

Customers are requested to please keep it quiet and respect our neighbours when leaving these premises.
Remember I mentioned…

Legislation

Guidance

Education
Excellence in Crime Prevention Learning

Crime Prevention Qualifications & Training

The Police Crime Prevention Academy are an established crime prevention learning and development supplier, providing accredited qualifications and courses for the public and private sectors as well as delivering bespoke events and webinars tailored to meet your needs.

The Academy is a not-for-profit organisation, owned by the police and the only ProQual Approved Centre with the exclusive link to the Secured by Design (SBD) initiative.

The Academy maintains close working links with the National Police Chiefs’ Council (NPCC) and senior police officers from across the UK as well as with subject matter experts, academics and policymakers to ensure that qualification and course content is current for delivery and assessment.
Established in 2017
The only non-profit provider, by the police, for the police
Exclusively connected to Secured by Design
Problem Solving, Crime Prevention and Designing Out Crime qualifications (Levels 2, 3, 4 & 5)
Approved Centre for awarding body ProQual
Content regularly updated
Quality assurance and standardization
Tailor-made courses available
Available for non-police also!

- eLearning
- Virtual delivering (online)
- Face2Face classroom delivery
- Hybrid
Continuous Professional Development for DOCOs / CPOs / PALOs /

• Webinars
• Trade shows
• ATLAS (annual, national designing out crime training event for police in the UK)
• Meetings
• Conferences
• New learning experiences
The Police Crime Prevention Academy in social media

The Academy worked with the Oxford Neighbourhood Watch Co-ordinator to deliver a crime prevention training event to mark national Neighbourhood Watch Week.

This worked to support the capacity of local co-ordinators to make practical suggestions to local residents about preventing themselves from becoming victims of crime.

Funding for the training event was secured from the Thames Valley Police and Crime Commissioner, and attendees include NW Co-ordinators from Oxford Neighbourhood Watch and Thames Valley Neighbourhood Watch as well as Thames Valley Police PCSOs who cover the Blackbird Leys estate and local representatives from Age UK.

Interested in something similar? Get in touch.

#pcpa #neighbourhoodwatchweek #neighbourhoodwatch #crimeprevention
And finally!
Question: What do they all have in common?

“The test of police efficiency is the absence of crime and disorder, not the visible evidence of police action in dealing with it.”
YOUR COUNTRY NEEDS YOU
Thank you for listening

Michael Brooke
Deputy Chief Operating Officer

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