

Operation ARC

A Procedurally Just Traffic Safety Initiative





SPEAKERS



Capt. Josh Kyle Sgt. Scott Hajek



Dr. Sue Williams
Dr. Lorenza Locket
John Grube





- Introduction of the Manhattan Area, RCPD, and KSU
- Historical Context RCPD Initiatives and Operation Impact
- Basic Review of Procedural Justice
- Genesis of Operation ARC
- Critical Elements of Operation ARC
- Operation ARC: Training Course Development and Delivery
- Study Development and Results

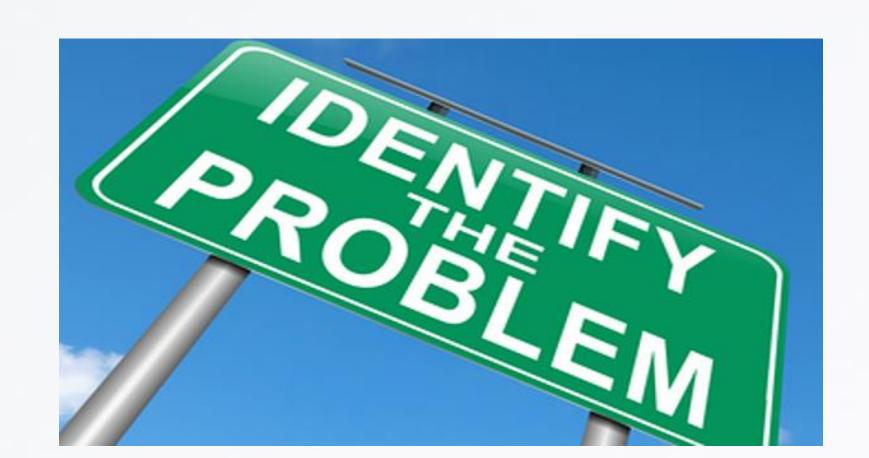


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- How were officers trained for this initiative?
- · What were the preliminary results of the initiative?





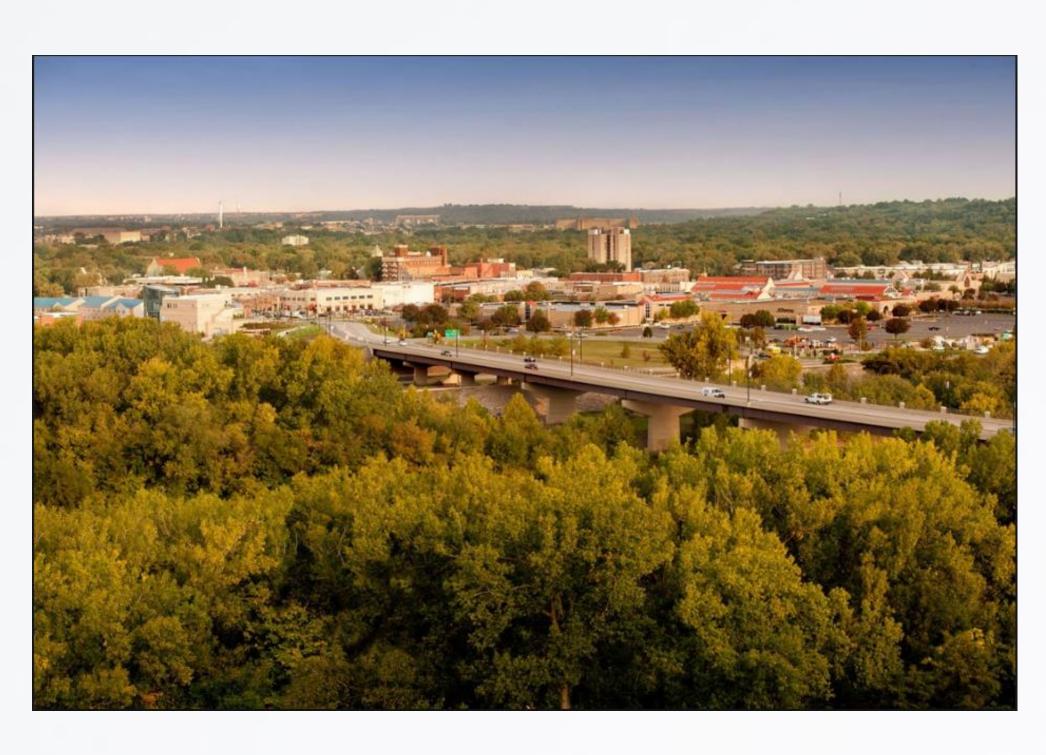
THE PROBLEM



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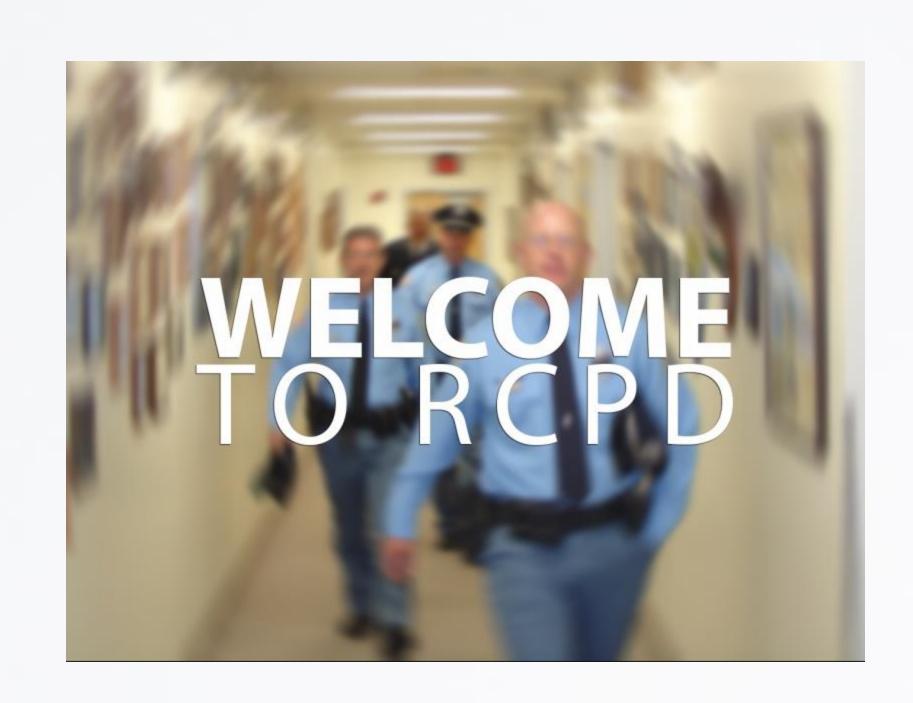




- Population 56,308
- Area 19.2 sq miles
- 83.5% white
- Median HH income \$43,104
- 26.2% persons in poverty
- State university, military post, level IV research facility. commercial/social hub







- Consolidated 1974
 - Law Board oversight
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- 205 full-time employees
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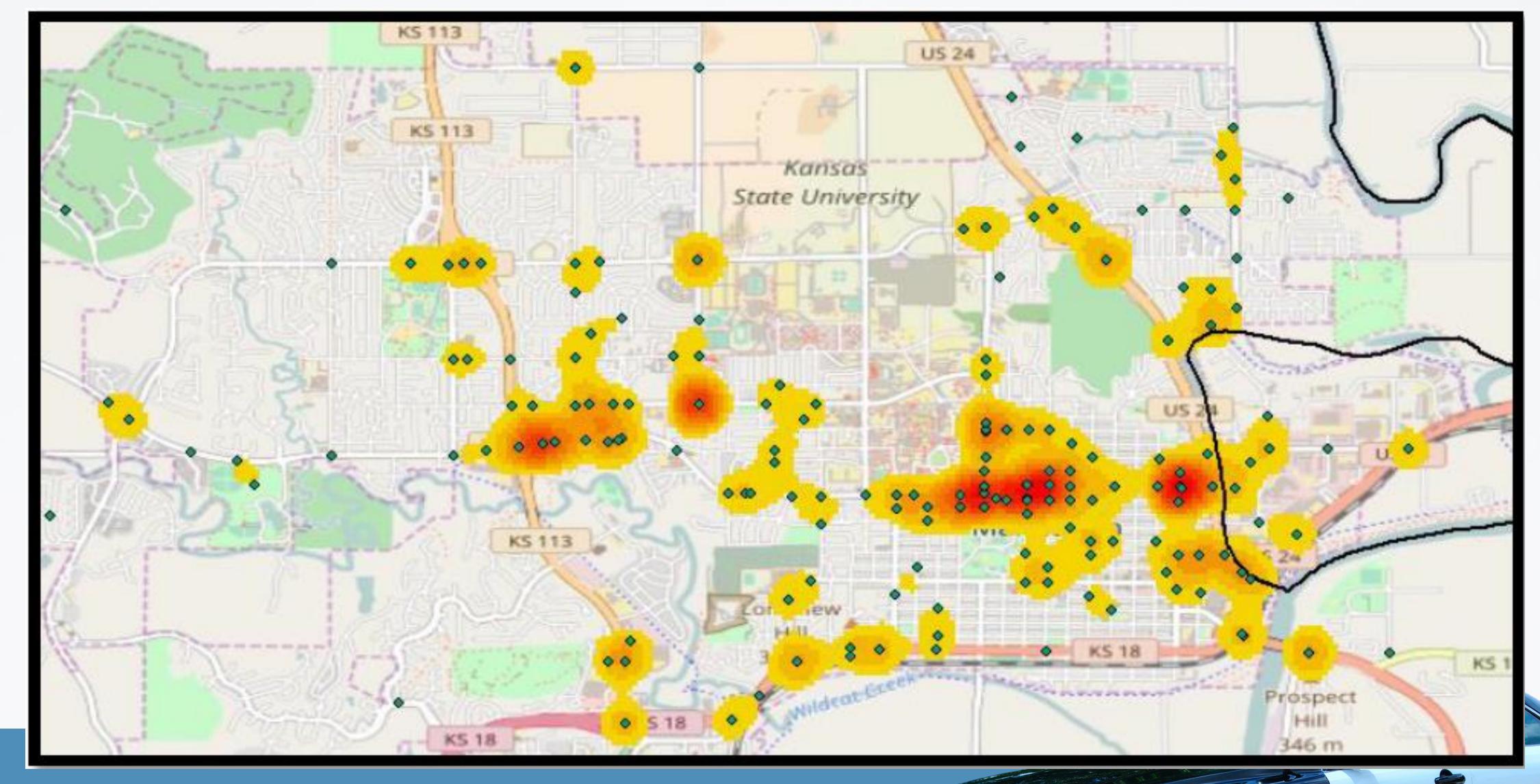
CONTEXT



- POP (around 2007)
- PTO
- ILP
 - ROP
 - Operation Impact
 - · CIU
- EBP
 - Hotspots



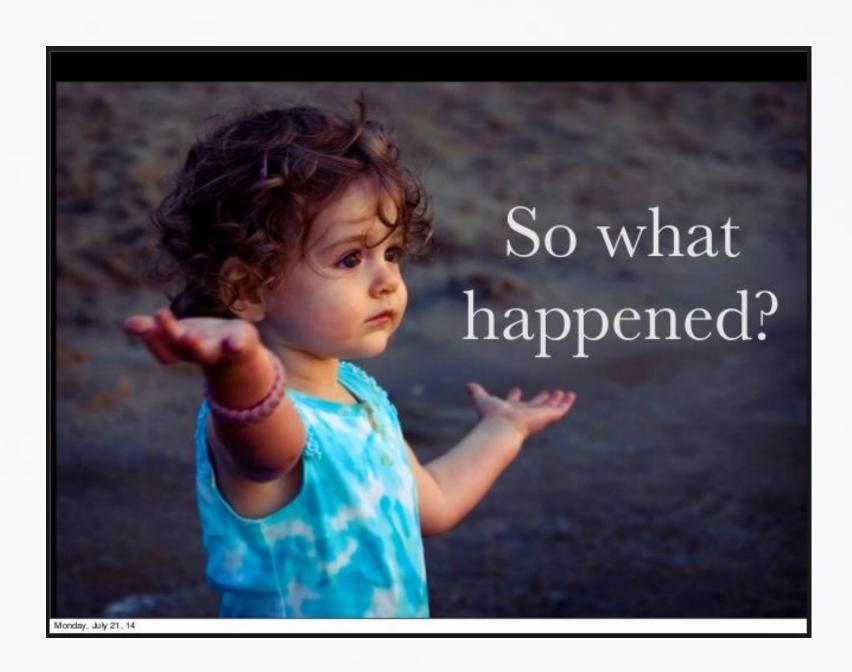
AREA OF IMPACT





OPERATION IMPACT

- Positive results
- What was to blame?
 - Spin out of control
 - Not advertised correctly

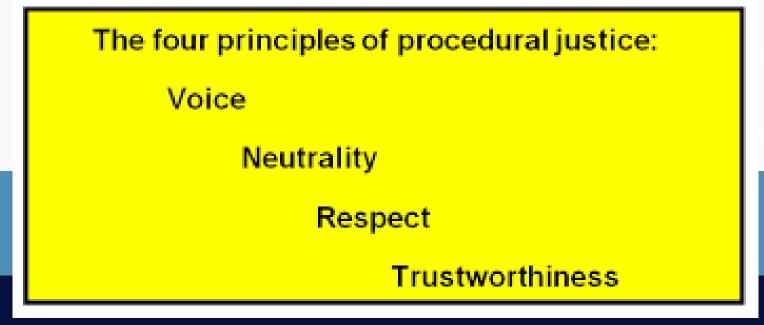






PROCEDURAL JUSTICE

- Voice, Neutrality, Dignity & Respect, Trustworthy Motives
- Process over Outcome
- Perceived legitimacy results in voluntary compliance
- Must treat officers with PJ to get PJ
- Police Legitimacy = Police Effectiveness + PJ







OPERATION ARC

- Accident Reduction Citations/Centers
 - How to get the public's Voice
 - Researchers
 - Money
 - Administrative Resistance







BIG APPLE V. LITTLE APPLE







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THE ARCHITECTURE OF RURAL LIFE











THE PUBLIC

- Series of focus groups/Interviews
 - Focus on public safety
 - Big 5
 - DUI
 - Speeding (>8-10 mph over, esp. school zones)
 - Tailgating
 - Cell phone use (esp texting)
 - Running stop signs/red lights









Locations (20/20, 1-2)

Behaviors

Repeat Traffic Offenders









Top 5 Accident Causations?

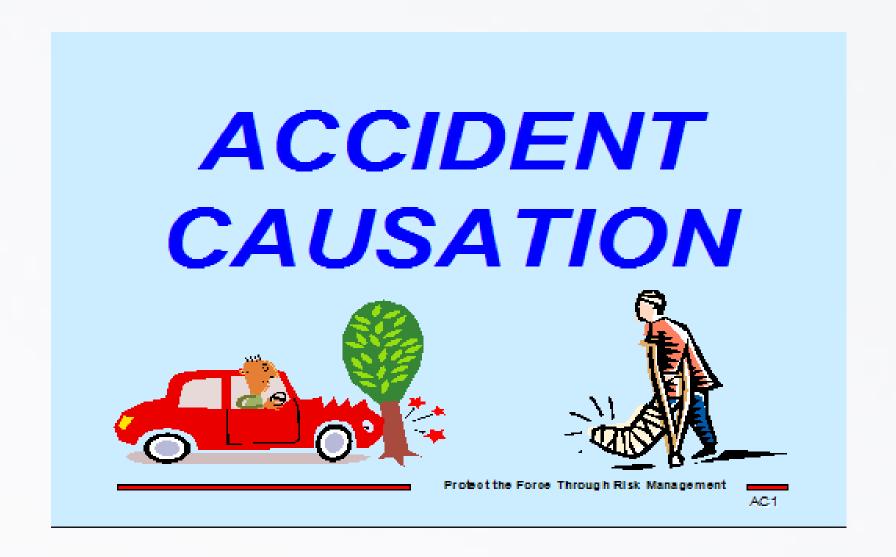






TOP 5 ACCIDENT CAUSATIONS

- Inattentive Driving
- Failure to Yield
- Following too Close
- DUI
- Speeding





Critical Elements of Operation ARC

- Top 5 things people think <u>RCPD</u> should focus on:
- 1. Impaired driving
- 2. Speeding (esp. school zones)
- 3. Distracted driving (esp. phones and texting)
- 4. Failure to stop (stop signs AND red lights)
- ▶ 5. Tailgating (F-T-C)

- Top 5 Causes of Accidents:
- ▶ 1. Inattentive Driving
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- 5. Speeding / Unsafe Lane Changes

Focus Group (KSU Survey)

Accident Causation List



RESEARCH AND FUNDING

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Internally funded with a new budget item







BUILD A TRAINING PROGRAM

- Introduction to PJ and Police Legitimacy
 - Esp. the four elements
- Critical Elements of Operation ARC
 - Review of traffic accident data
 - Review of the Australian Experiment (QCET)
 - Strong focus on scripting (officer's voice)
 - 90 second Rule
 - Compliance Checks (supervisors)







- Define an ARC Stop
 - Big 5 violation
 - Use their script
 - Sincere (Verbal Judo Issue)
 - Mark the citation/warning as ARC





- They decided how many citations to write and what kind (e.g. warnings v. citations).
 - Low accident numbers/promise to law board
- They wrote their own scripts
- They decided when to make non-traffic safety stops



VOICE:

- Voice/Participation are reinforced whenever you mention public expectations.
- The goal is to give the driver "voice" through the explanation of the survey, NOT by creating a roadside debate.

TRUSTWORTHY MOTIVES:

 This is emphasized when you mention that we are trying to reduce accidents and the violation you stopped them for is known to cause accidents.

NEUTRALITY:

- This is emphasized when you mention your supervisor expects/assigned you to make traffic safety stops.
- Focused on behavior

DIGNITY AND RESPECT

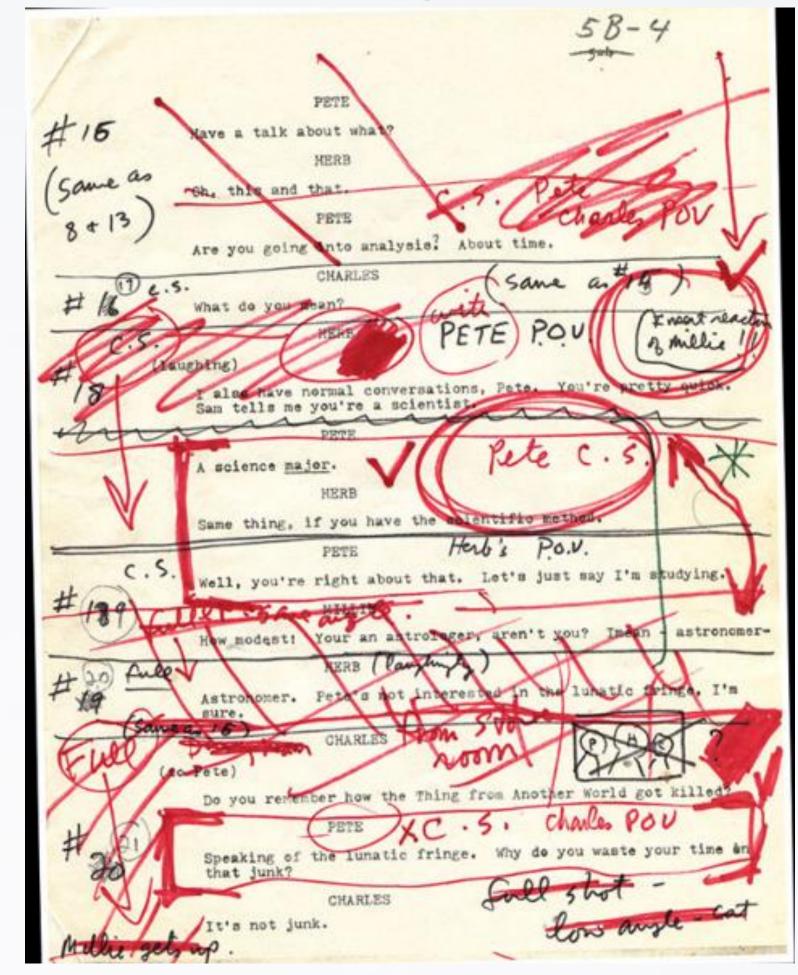
- This is emphasized by your demeanor.
- Saying something like, "Well, sorry to have met like this, but I do need your driver's license and..."

- "I stopped you for speeding..."
- "My supervisor sent me to this location to reduce accidents" (Trustworthy motives, Neutrality)
- "Speeding is one of the major causes of accidents" (Trustworthy motives)
- "We asked the public what they thought we should focus on and they said speeding was an important issue" (Voice)
- "Sorry we had to meet like this, but I need your license and..."
 (Dignity/Respect)
- Return visit "My supervisors and the public expect me to write tickets for speeding so that everyone can use the roads safely, so I've written you a ticket for..." (Motives, Dignity/Respect, Neutrality)



- Development of script
- Peer review of script (open practice)
- Traffic stops with peers
- Debrief

ARC TRAINING









· 02:25 & 11:00

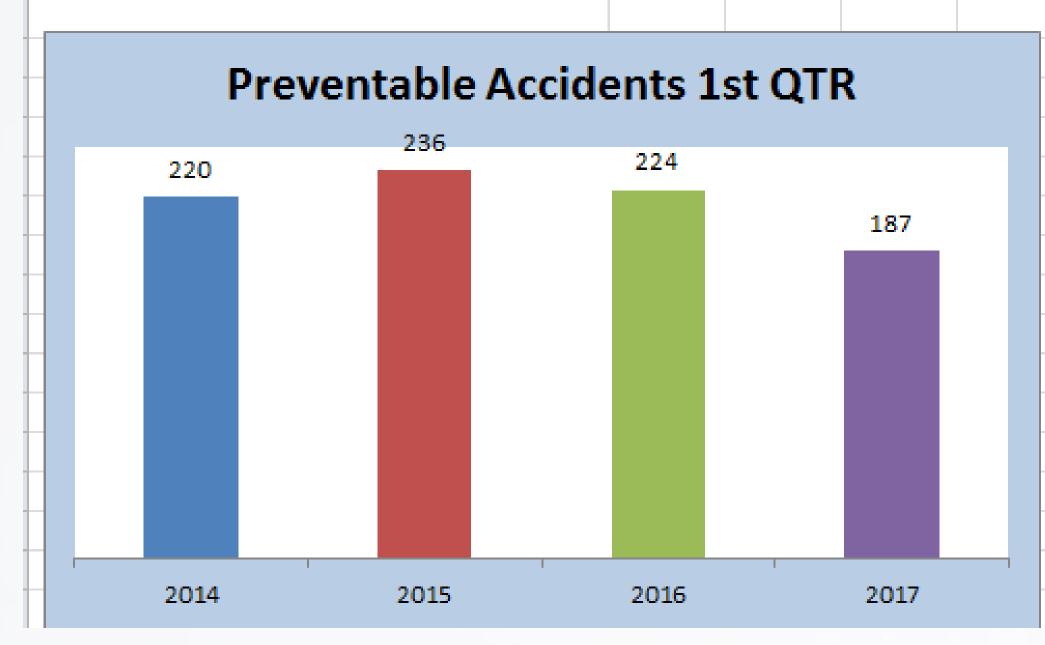
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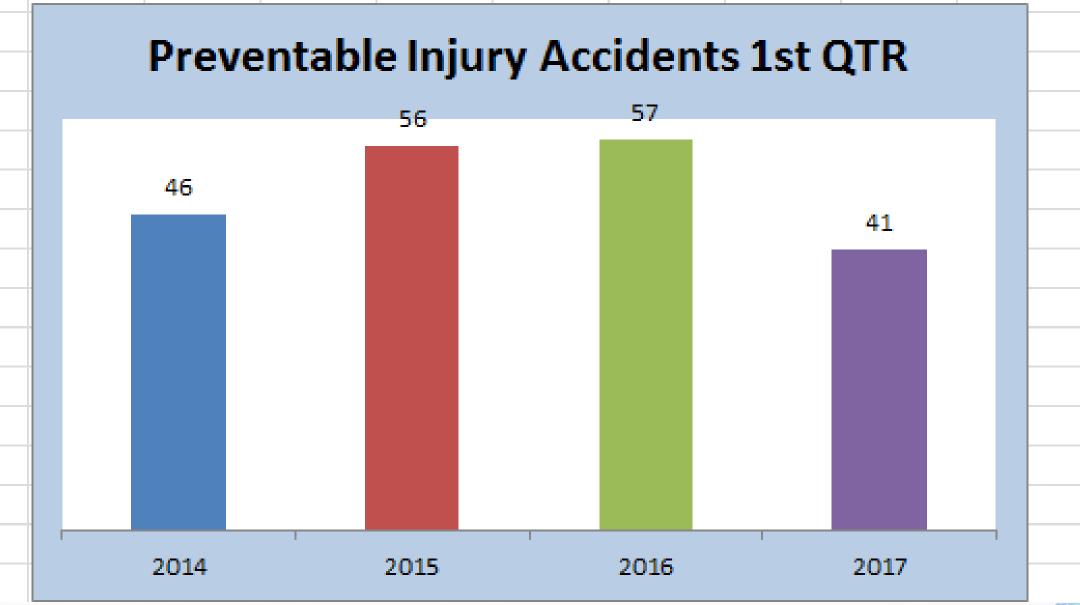




ACCIDENT TOTALS

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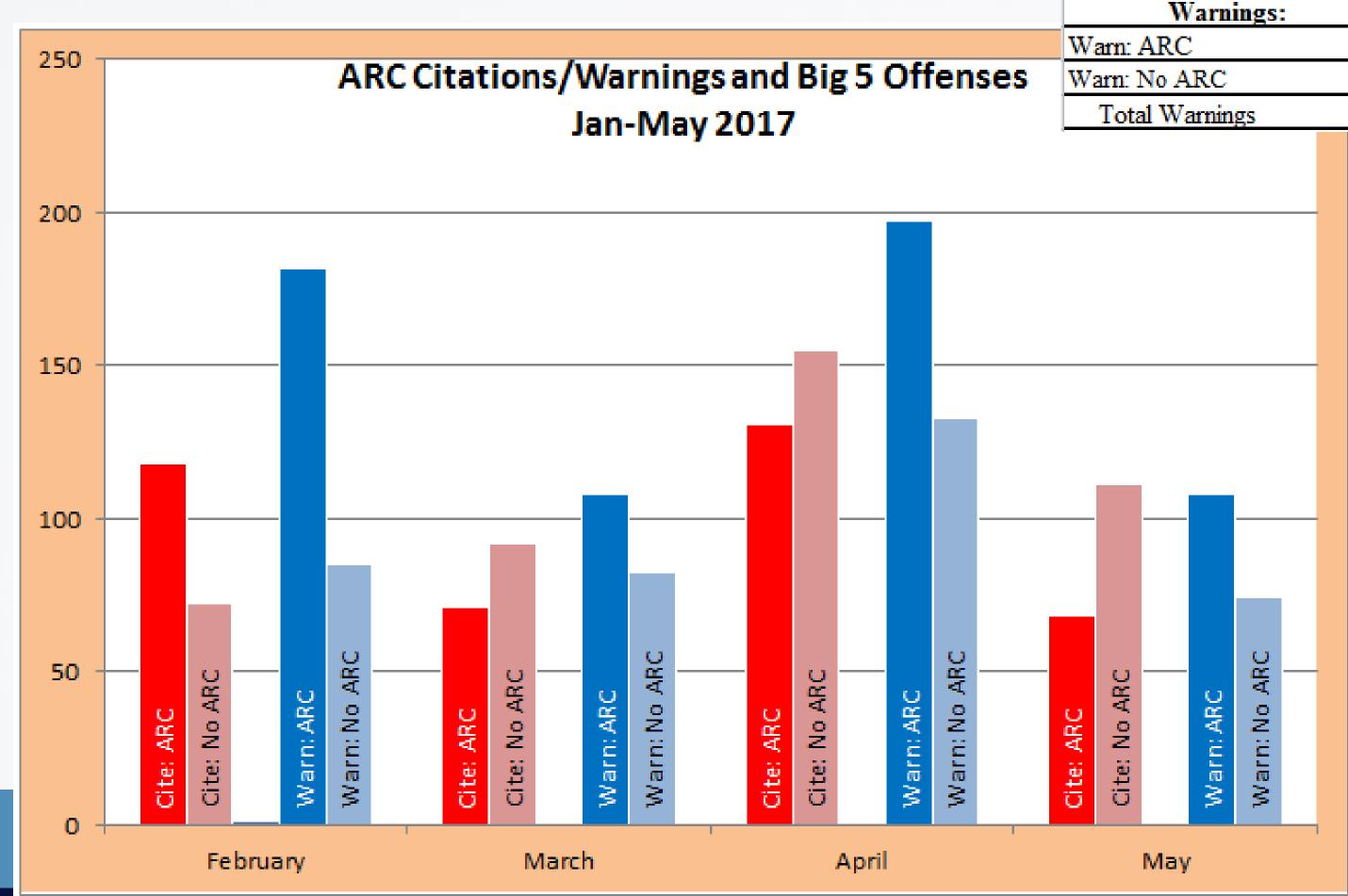






COMPLIANCE RATES

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	Big 5 Violations	January	February	March	April	May	Total	% of				
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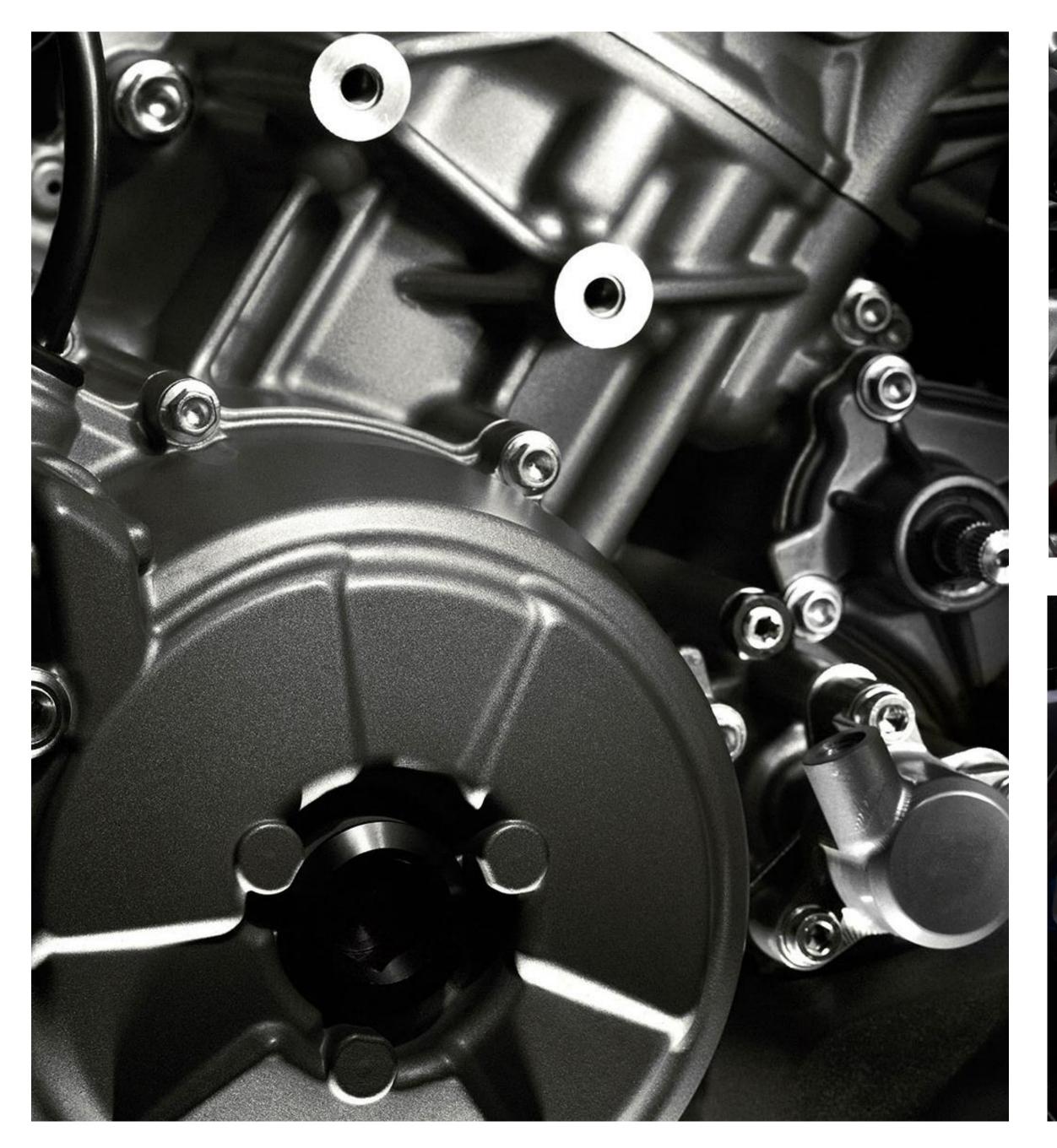
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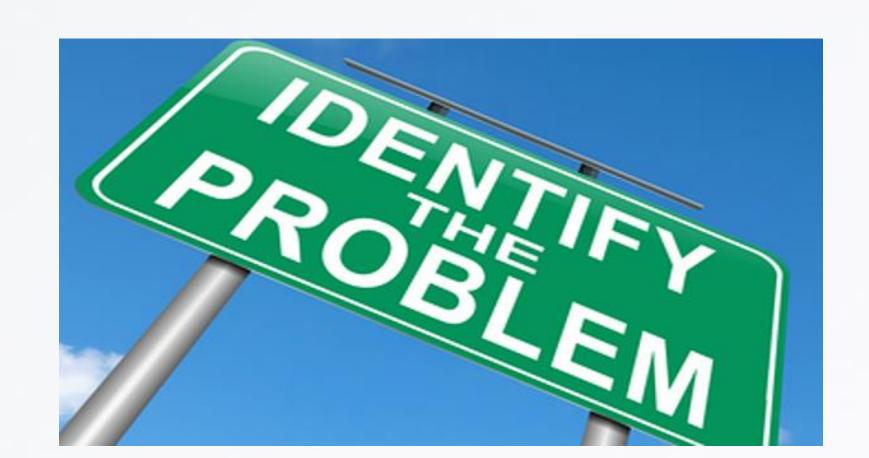


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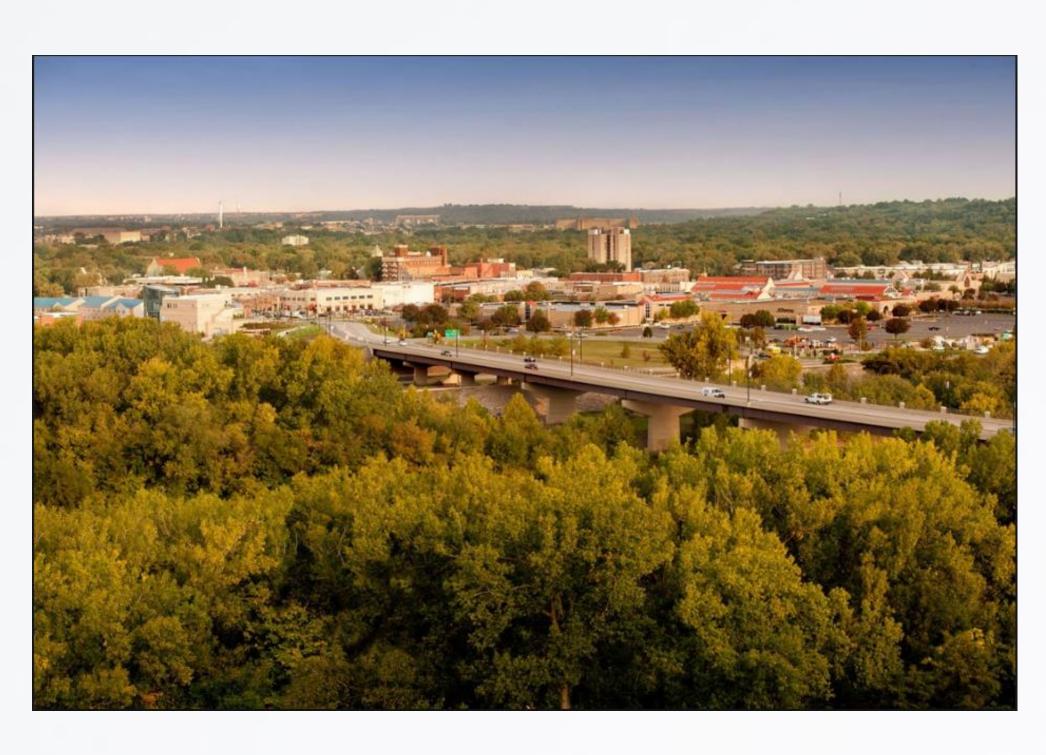
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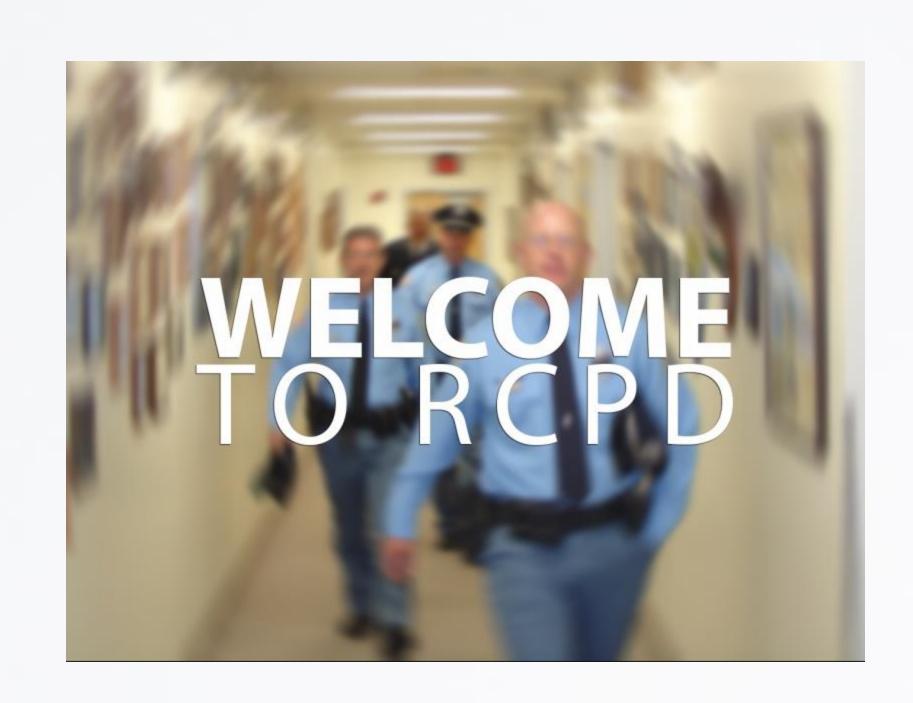




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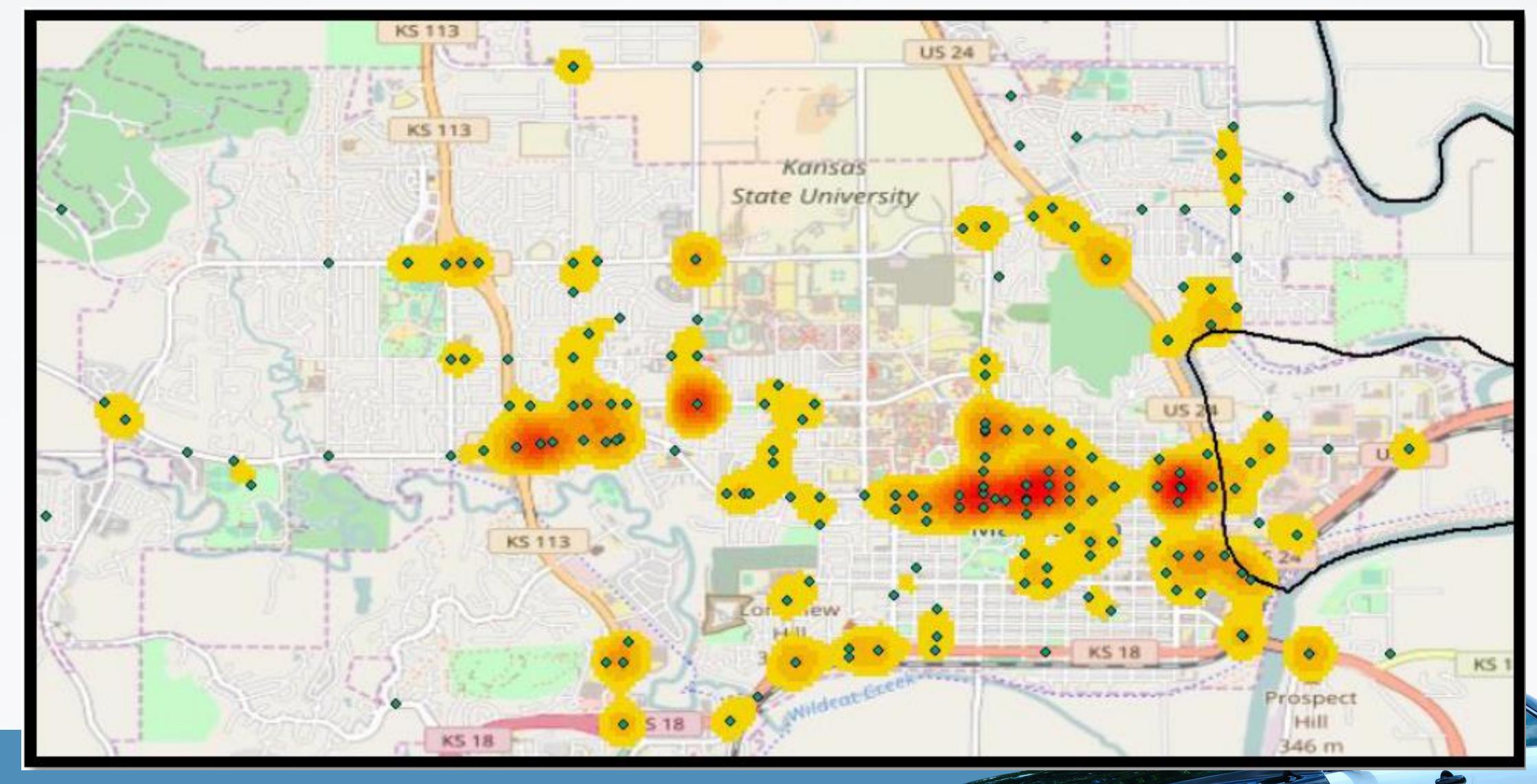
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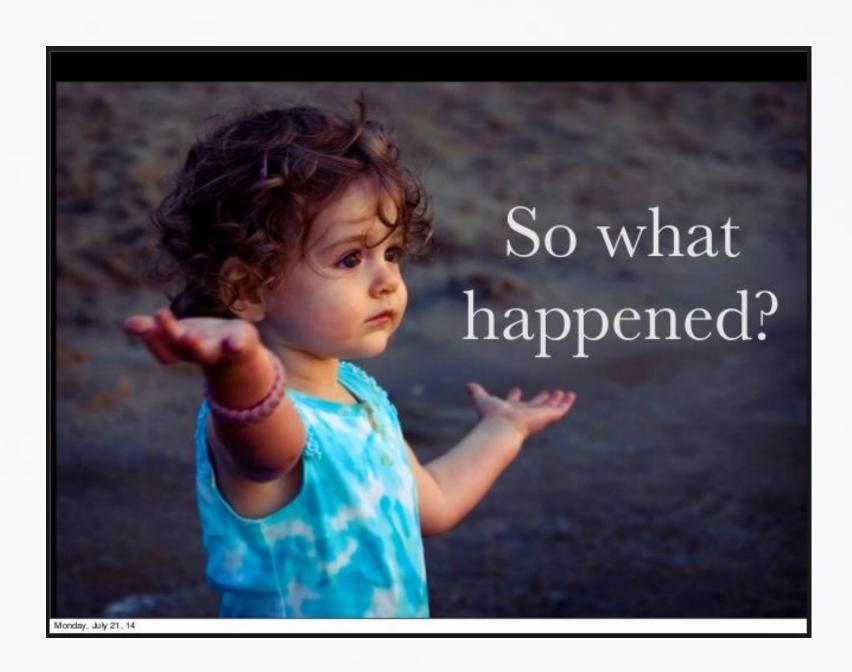
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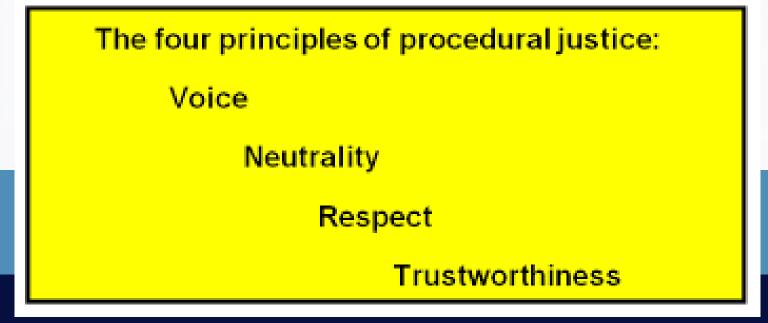






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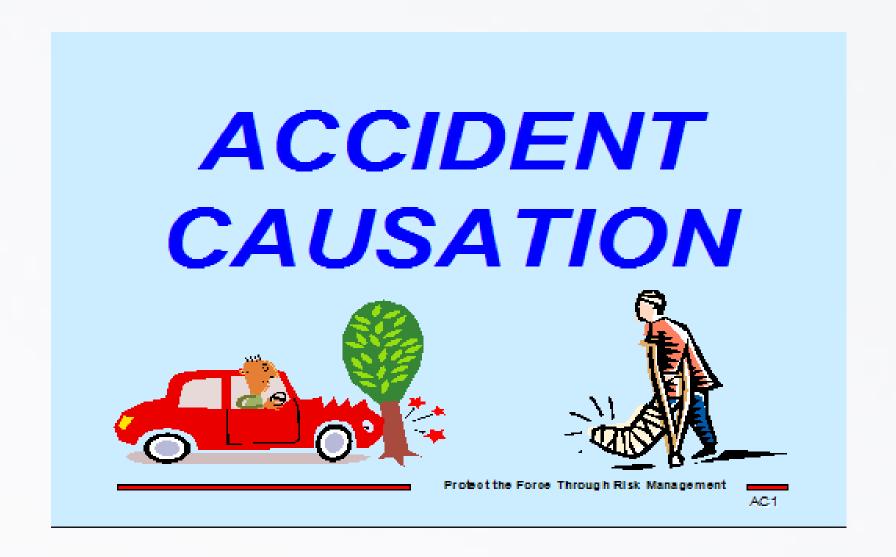






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Creating Your Own ARC Script

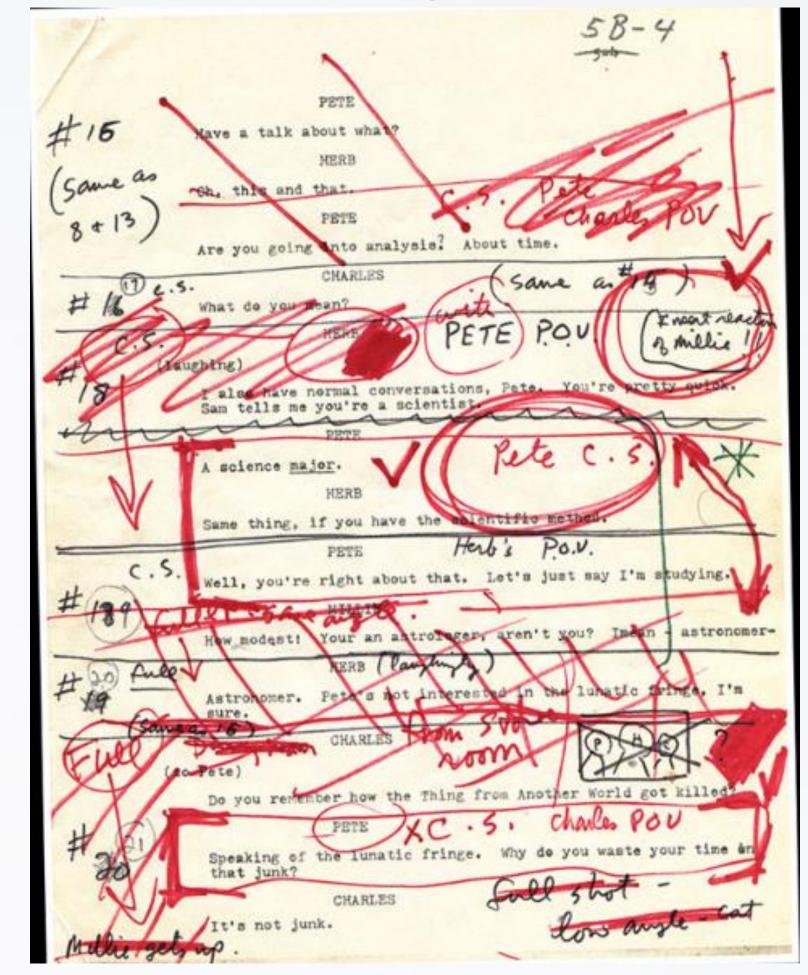
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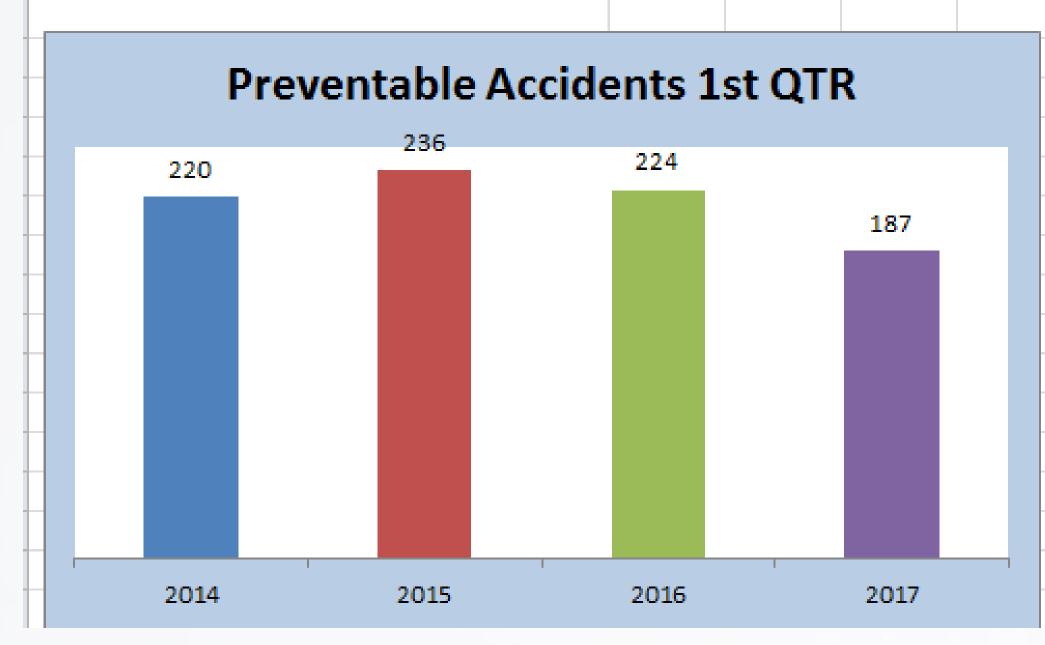
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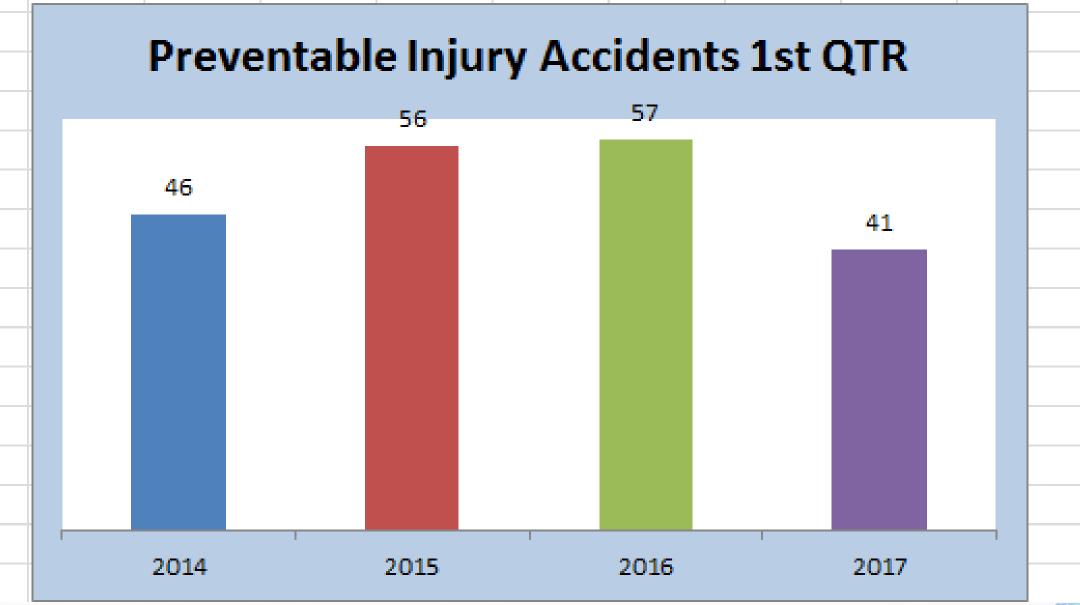




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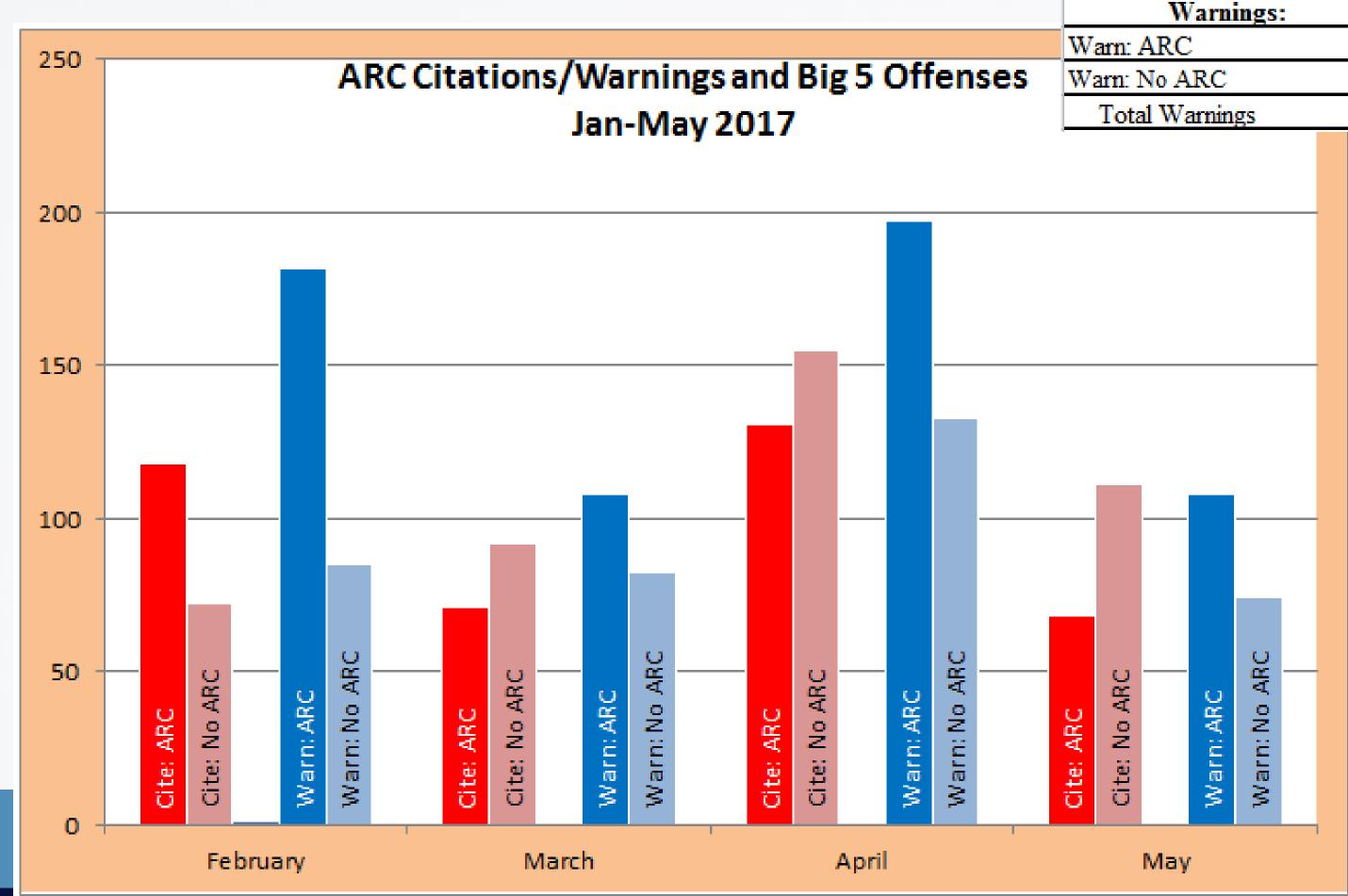






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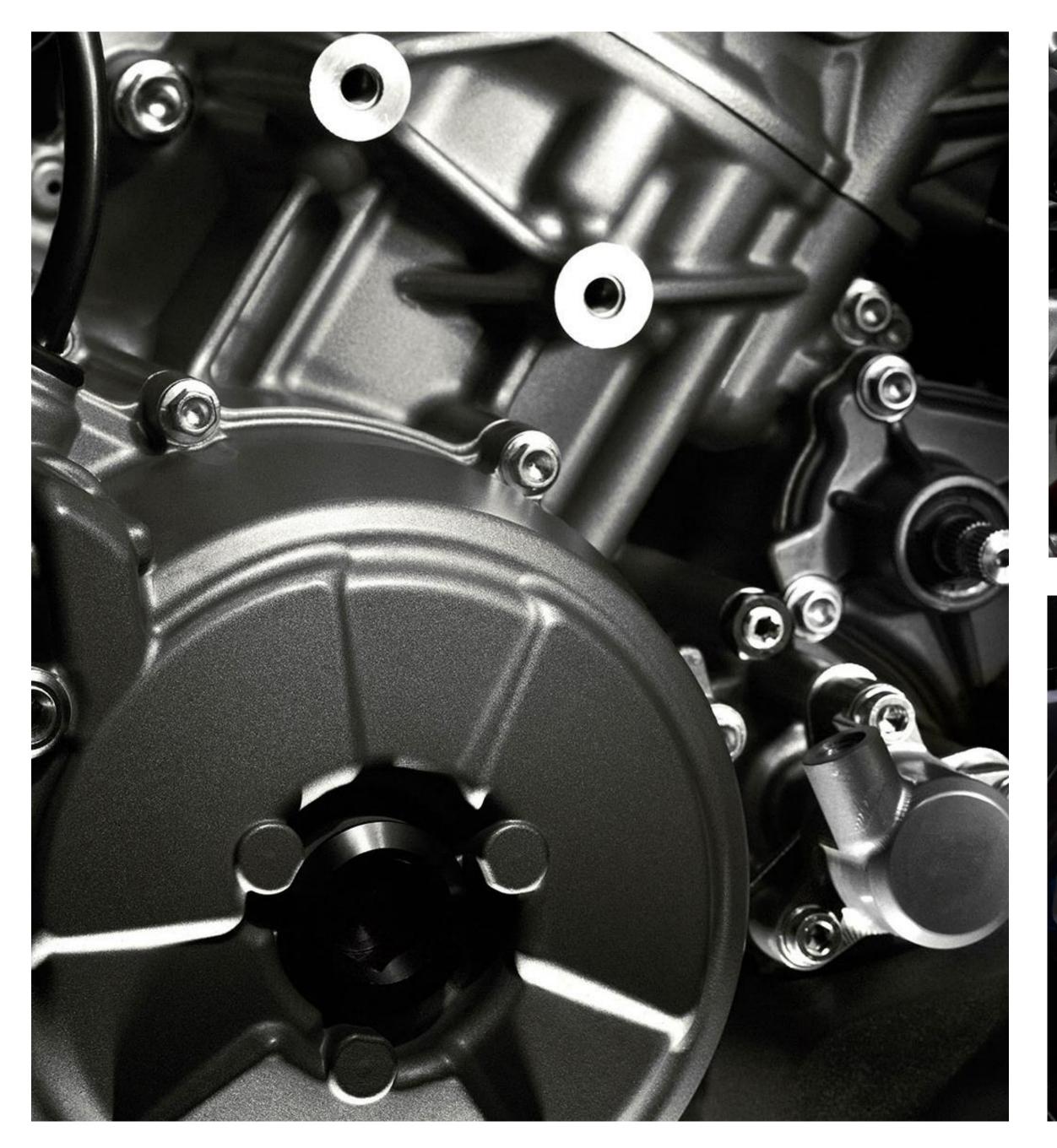
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ARC: RESEARCH & RESULTS

L. SUSAN WILLIAMS, PI LORENZA LOCKETT, JOHN GRUBE KANSAS STATE UNIVERSITY

Separate Pre-Post Non-Equivalence:

A Quasi-Experimental Design in Procedural Justice

T-1 T+1 Post-test **Pretest** ARC Traffic Stops Traffic Stops Nwarnings (r) Nwarnings (r) PJ officer training Ncitations (r) Ncitations (r) Nservice (r) Nservice (r)

PRETEST DATA

Pretest Qualitative Focus Groups

- Underrepresented groups (voice)
- Worthwhile policing (trustworthiness)
- Potential bias (neutrality)
- Comportment (respect)



Measurement -Quantitative

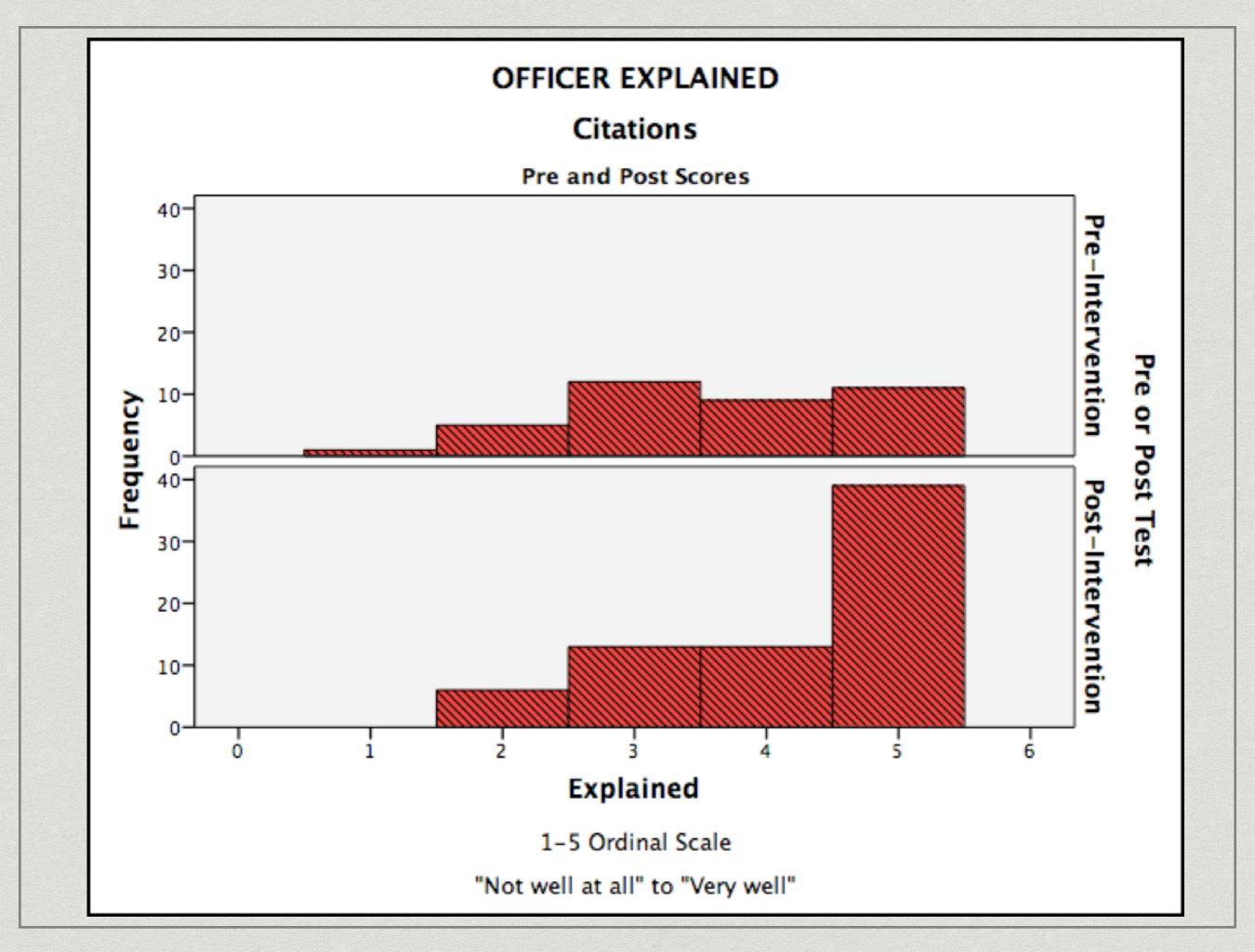
- Citizen perception of officer performance
 - Listened; Explained; Demeanor
- Citizen perception of targeting behavior by RCPD)
 - * Looks1, Looks2, Neighborhood
- Citizen perception of RCPD community contributions
 - * Equal; QOL; Dignity & Respect

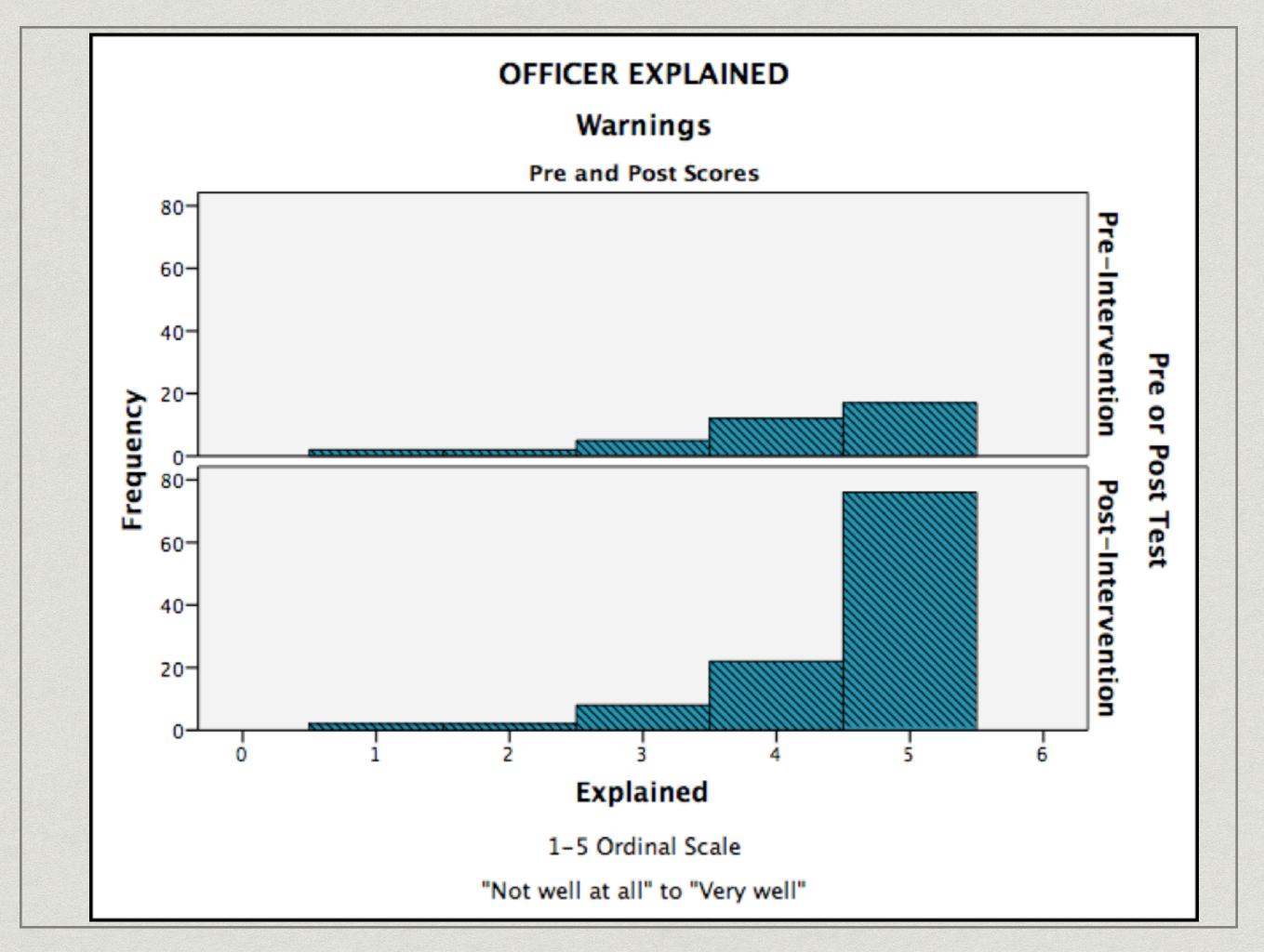
ARC definitions

- * ARC violations are based on statutes corresponding with the BIG 5
 - * DUI
 - Speeding
 - Failure to stop/yield
 - Inattentive driving
 - Tailgating

- * ARC stops must meet the following criteria:
- Occurs after procedural justice training
- Based on one of the ARC traffic violations (Big 5)
- Officer follows designated ARC training and script
- Results in either citation or warning

POST-TEST AND ANALYSIS





Change: Citizen perception of officer performance, by citations and warnings

	Post Citations	Change Citations	Post Warnings	Change Warnings
Listened	3.75 n=71	0.658*	4.16* n=111	0.136
Explained	4.20 n=71	0.566*	4.53 n=110	0.475*
Demeanor	4.07 n=71	0.728**	4.44* n=109	0. 388 ^{.058}

Change: Citizen perception of targeting behavior, by citations and warnings

	Post Citations	Change Citations	Post Warnings	Change Warnings
Looks1	2.30 n=69	0.380	2.10 n=103	0.031
Looks2	2.31 n=70	0.186	2.23 n=103	0.177
Neighbor- hood	2.74 n=69	0.314	2.75 n=102	0.075

Change: Citizen perception of RCPD Community Contributions, by citations and warnings

	Post Citations	Change Citations	Post Warnings	Change Warnings
Equal	3.58 n=69	0.426 ^{.054}	3.65 n=103	0.519**
QOL	3.86 n=69	-0.017	4.23 n=102	0.251 ^{.053}
Dignity & Respect	4.04 n=69	0.274	4.25 n=102	0.537**

MWU results: Change in distribution of officer performance measures

	Citations	Warnings
Listened		
Explained		
Demeanor		

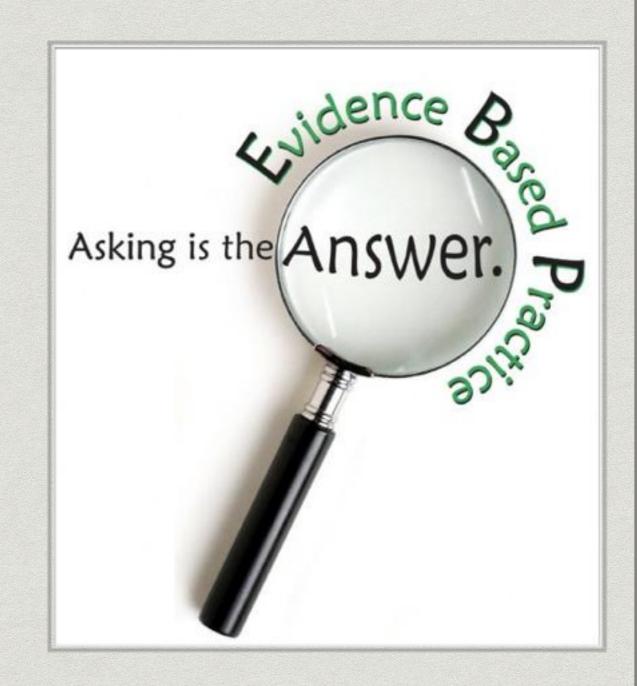
Summary

- Direct support for procedural justice training and implementation, especially for officer performance
- Support is strongest in situations directly related to training
- Citizens surveyed remain relatively positive in general assessments of police, but ambivalent about intent.
- Partial support for PJ postulate of process versus outcome



Limitations

- Lacks true experimental design elements
- Near exclusion of underrepresented groups
- Lack of non-urban cultural measures and comparative studies
- Lack of direct causal effect measures on citizen behavior



IMPLICATIONS: FOCUS GROUPS

- *Involves community and potentially builds trust
- *Reveals voices often masked
- **...represents the heart of what some have called community-led policing"

IMPLICATIONS: SCRIPT BUILDING

*Involves officers in proactive communication with community

*Can be incorporated into any police initiative



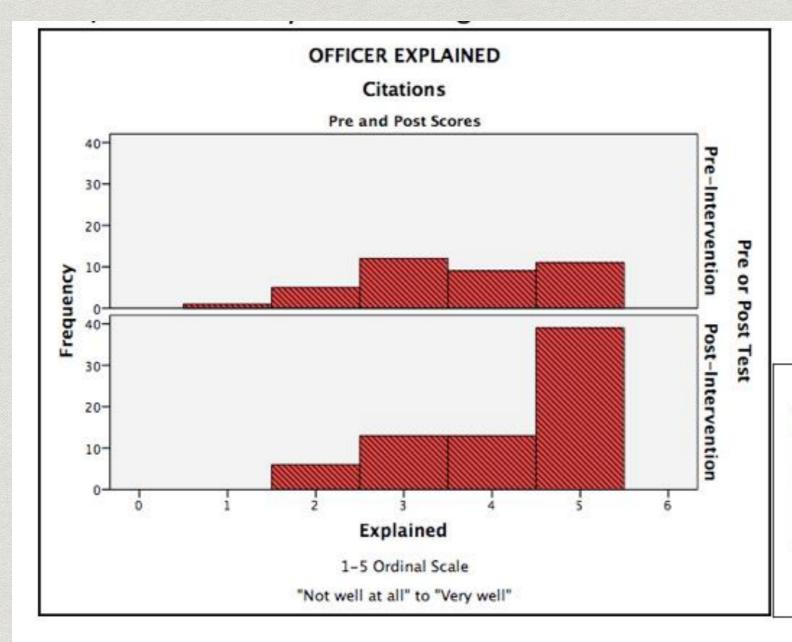
The Vision

Citizens working with the police to determine how their community is to be policed, and officers creating ways to convey this message to those they encounter

THANK YOU!

L. SUSAN WILLIAMS
LSWILLOKSULEDU

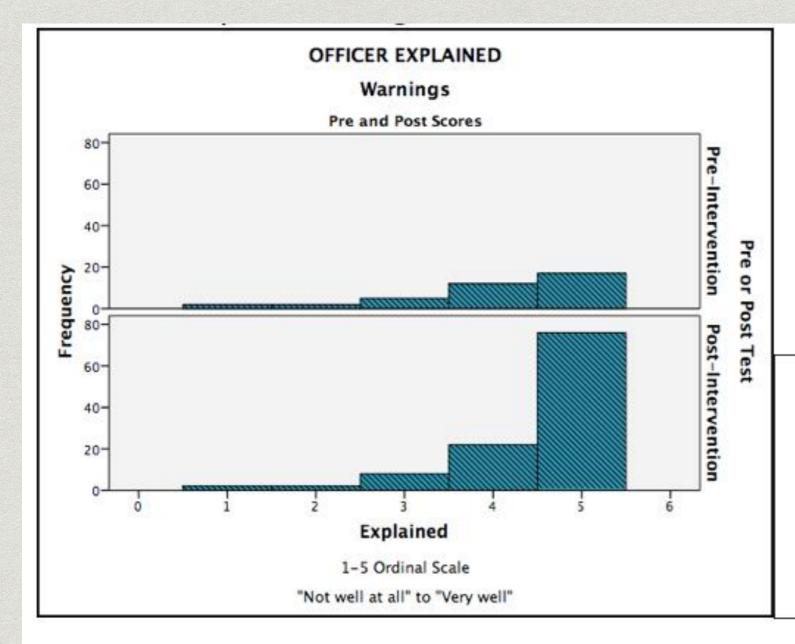
EXAMPLE: MANN-WHITNEY UTEST



Hypothesis Test Summary

	Null Hypothesis	Test	Sig.	Decision
1	The medians of Explained are the same across categories of Pre or Post Test.	Independent- Samples Median Test	.017	Reject the null hypothesis.
2	The distribution of Explained is the same across categories of Pre or Post Test.	Independent- Samples Mann- Whitney U Test	.009	Reject the null hypothesis.

Asymptotic significances are displayed. The significance level is .05.

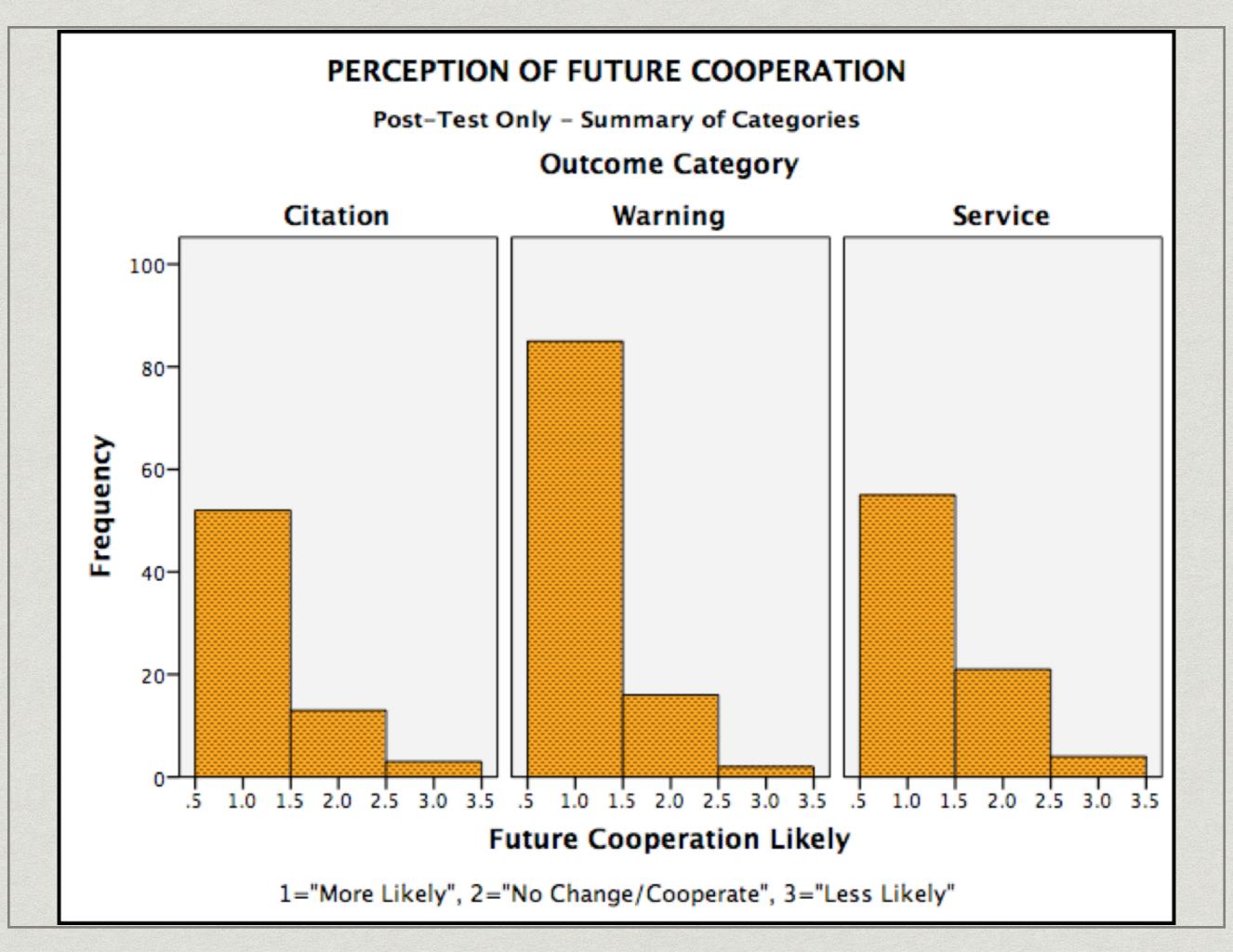


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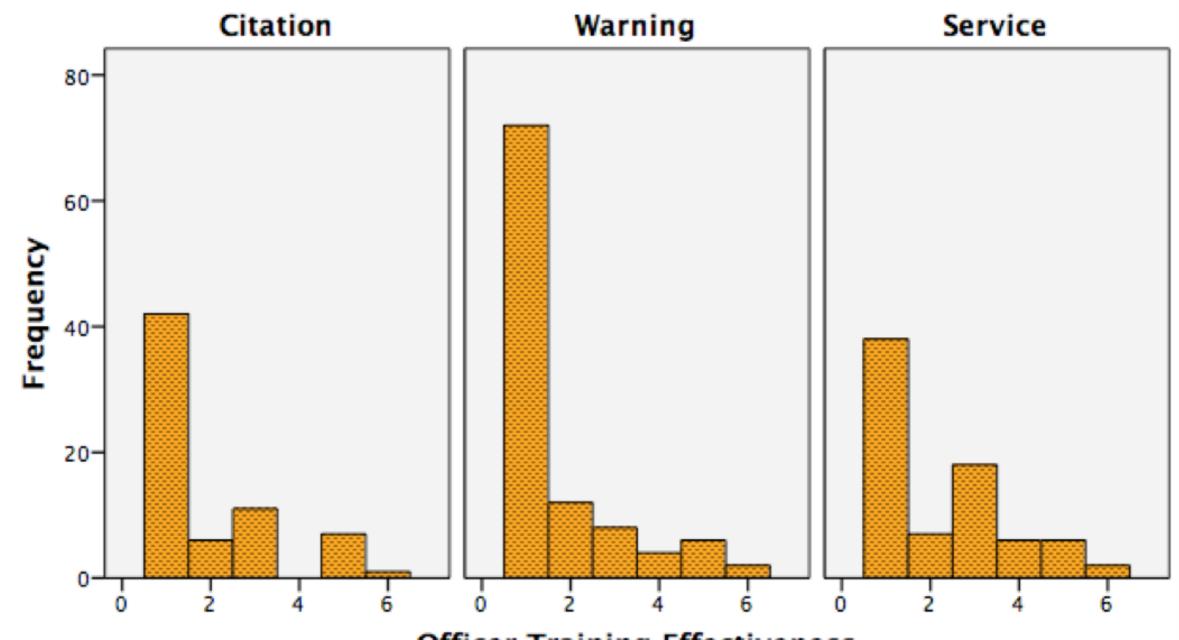
Asymptotic significances are displayed. The significance level is .05.

PERCEPTION OF ARC EFFECTIVENESS





Post-Test Only - Summary of Categories
Outcome Category



Officer Training Effectiveness

1="Good", 2="Courteous", 3="Average"

4="Helpful", 5="Poor", 6="Other"

