



**ESSEX POLICE
SOUTHEND DIVISION**

York Road Burglary Reduction Initiative

York Road Burglary Reduction Initiative

Abstract

York Road, Southend, was once one of the most sought after residential areas in Southend, offering spacious accommodation for families in a location close to the Town Centre and Seafront. Southend was also one of the country's premier holiday resorts at this time, and along with residential homes, some of the properties catered for the tourist trade as Hotels or Guest houses.

In the 1950's and 60s, the area began to fall into decline as families looked for guaranteed sunshine with holiday's abroad. Facing ruin, many of the guesthouses opened their doors to clientele whose rent was paid for directly by the Department of Health and Social Security. As this became more widespread, families began to sell their York Road homes in favour of houses in nearby Thorpe Bay. Property developers quickly realised that there were huge profits to be made by converting these fine old houses into flats to be sold off separately_ This is a trend of urban decline that has been seen in a number of seaside resorts across the country. Today, the vast majority are classed as multi occupancy homes, let out to anyone providing that the rent is paid.

York Road is situated in "Milton Ward" within the Southend Borough Council, which achieved Unitary status on 1 April 1998. Crime statistics have shown this ward to be within the top 7% of deprived areas in the country, and the most deprived in Essex.

Southend has consistently had the highest number of recorded dwelling burglaries within the Essex Police District, averaging 25.3%¹ of the Force's total over a three year period measured from April 1996 to March 1999. Further investigation showed that the highest proportion of these occurred within the Milton Ward and, in particular, York Road. A successful bid was made and the Home Office awarded the sum of £79,145.60 to fund the "**York Road Burglary Reduction Initiative.**"

The response to the problem was a Police driven, multi agency approach to reduce burglaries and prevent re-offending. A link was established between the high number of burglaries and the high instances of drug abuse by residents in that street.²

This approach has reduced burglaries from an average of 66.6 per year over the same three-year period, to a projected 15,³ with no indications of displacement to other areas.

The Project

Scan

The actual project arose out of a bid to obtain funding from the Home Office to reduce instances of dwelling burglaries. It was found that although such grants had been available for some time, Essex Police had never applied for one at a Divisional level. The criteria as to whether an area qualified for funding was that it must have suffered at least 54 dwelling burglaries per 1000 households consistently over a 3 year period.

¹ Source: **Recorded** offences — crime statistics, HQ and **Household** data Southend Borough **Council.**

² Source: Recorded offences — crime statistics, HQ and **Custody** records, Southend Police Station.

³ Source: Recorded offences – crime statistics, HQ.

Southend Division accounts for a quarter of all dwelling burglaries within the Essex Police District. One area in particular, Milton Ward, showed the highest instances of this sort of crime. A further breakdown of the figures revealed that most burglaries occurred in York Road, showing it to be the most burgled road in Essex.

Milton Ward, as shown by the last National Census, covers an area of some 14 Hectares with a population of 10,340 --- 738 people per Hectare – making it one of the most densely populated areas in the County. It has been identified as being in the top 7% of deprived areas in the Country and, coupled with a high level of unemployment with the associated poverty, has a low level of social cohesion which has given rise to high instances of crime and disorder within the Ward.

York Road itself is a road extending eastwards from the Town Centre for a length of 980 metres and has some 300 dwellings, which are, in the main, large Victorian style buildings.

Southend is typical of some older Seaside Towns facing a decline in their traditional industry of tourism. The large houses in York Road, once prestigious dwellings and guest houses, were sold to property developers who were able to realise huge profits by converting them into flats. The vast majority of houses in York Road are now classed as Houses of Multiple Occupancy (HMO's) and most of the owners rent them out to benefit recipients, giving York Road a very transient population.

Among the residences in York Road are a homeless centre and a Probation supported accommodation projects which house homeless people and ex-offenders. The latter project houses up to 30 single people. A second similar property is located in one of the side roads adjoining York Road and is able to house 10 people.

Analysis

The analytical figures for the successful funding bid came from the period' October 1998 to 30th September 1999. Later figures for the following period are available as appendix 1. Other data used was a three monthly report by the Southend Division Crime Analyst, which identified a high concentration of dwelling burglaries in the York Road area.

Burglary data from these two sources for that period recorded 54 reported burglaries. Research into this showed that only 4 of these were houses, the rest were flats or "bedsits". 40 of the attacked premises were repeat victims. One dwelling had been burgled on 4 previous occasions and another, 3. In total, 14 premises suffered more than one burglary during this period.

The most common property stolen was Television, Video and audio equipment, which accounted for about 50% of the total. Pocketable items such as cash and jewelry followed this. 73% of victims were male and, in the main, most victims were aged between 17 and 35 years.

There are about 100 ex offenders who live, or have recently lived, in York Road. Furthermore, in the period 1 November 1998 to the 30th November 1999 there were 19 search warrants executed in York Road. 17 of these were for the search for drugs, of which 11 were classed as "positive" with substances found. The other two warrants were executed under the Theft Act. It is evident that there is a high concentration of drug addicts and dealers within this area. An interesting statistic is that more drug warrants have been granted for addresses in York Road than in any other Southend street. A link was therefore established between high instances of Burglary and the common use of drugs. Any action to combat the crime problem had to take this into account.

Response

Having been granted the funding from the Home office, the response to the problem was to be a Police-driven, multi agency approach ensuring that measures taken would remain in force in order that the same problem did not resurface. Through mainstreaming the successful parts of the project, the aim was to eradicate the problems.

The project appointed two employees; A project manager to have ownership of the problem and to coordinate the multi-agency approach and to ensure that the right measures were applied at the right time, and an "Outreach" worker from the local drug rehabilitation clinic, whose role would be to make contact with identified drug abusers and to ensure that any rehabilitation programme was adhered to. It was also envisaged that this post would link into the newly appointed drug arrest referral worker.

The police response

As the lead agency in this initiative, it was the responsibility of the Police to effectively take the first step. It was decided that the best approach would be to adopt the style of policing that had been successful in two other areas – one residential and one commercial – where crime had been rife, and then "feed" in other agencies to underpin and enhance the initial effect. At the outset, Police led the way prior to the appointment of a project manager.

The style of policing is worthy of comment at this point. Since its inception in October 1999, The Central Sector of Southend has had a Community Team of officers, numbering a Sergeant and 8 constables. Rather than the traditional approach of allocating a "Beat" to each officer, it was decided that this Unit would be far more effective in high-crime areas if it worked as, a Team, approaching the problem from several angles_

The Team honed their skills on the notorious "Kursaal" Estate (now the "Woodgrange" estate), a Housing Association run area comprising of some 730 dwellings which had suffered from high instances of Burglary, Autocrime and general disorder, for some time. Their approach was to "flood" the area with high visibility Officers, stop checking vehicles and pedestrians and performing searches where powers permitted. This resulted in several arrests for various offences, mainly drugs related, and of persons wanted on warrant. After the initial period, the operation changed to one of mixing high visibility combined with plain clothes officers, resulting in more arrests. Information was gathered on known criminals, again mainly for drug offences, and warrants were applied for and executed. The net result was an initial increase in the amount of reported crime as confidence in the police grew. This was offset by the associated increase in arrests and detections. After a fairly short time, reported crime fell noticeably. Several letters of appreciation were received from residents on the estate.

After reducing reported crime on the estate, the Team moved on to a commercial area to perform a similar role, but maintained a strong contact – which remains to this day – with the "Kursaal" estate. Two officers from the Team have taken "ownership" of the estate and maintain a close working relationship with the Housing Association and the community. It was this targeted, intelligence led approach that was to be applied to York Road.

The difference between policing the "Kursaal" Estate and York Road is that the former has a stable population whereas the latter is very transient in nature. The "Kursaal" Estate has one Housing association to deal with whereas York Road has many, some large companies and others, private owners.

The funding for the York Road project was allocated for a two-year operation, which should have run from 1st April 2000 to 31st March 2002. Vital to the project was the appointment of the part-time Project manager to coordinate the contributions of all agencies involved. It was not possible to convene a multi agency meeting until September 2000, agencies that attended were as follows:

Police
 Health – including drugs rehabilitation
 Social Services
 NACRO
 Environment
 Landlords
 Probation
 Local Authority representatives.
 Victim Support,
 CPS.

It was encouraging that all agencies were very keen to make an impact on the burglary problem and each representative made worthwhile commitments.

Shortly afterwards the position of part-time Project manager was advertised. This proved problematic to fill and eventually a police officer was put into place. Whilst not the initial wish to fill in this manner, this individual has proved to be a real catalyst to moving the project forward and is commented on later in the report.

The Police decided to commence the project by initiating the intensive policing that the area required. Officers from the Central Sector Community Team began to saturate the area from 4th December 2000. In a three-month period prior to this, there had been 12 reported dwelling burglaries in York Road – roughly one per week.

Using the method that had proved successful on the "Kursaal" estate, Officers stop-checked pedestrians and vehicles, using the high visibility approach. Again, several arrests were made for similar offences as before. In addition to this approach however, one Officer was appointed as a liaison officer between the police and other agencies, via the project manager (although this position was still vacant at the time). This officer took particular ownership of the problems of York Road and, together with one other officer, began the task of making contact with the residents. This was done in the age old but very effective method of walking the beat, knocking on every door and talking to every resident. In the first two hours of this process, the officers received a report of an alleged rape and information on drug dealers in the locality. If nothing else, this reinforced the lesson learnt from Policing the "Kursaal" estate; When confidence grows in the policing of an area, residents are very forthcoming with information that they would have otherwise withheld.

Warrants were applied for, all in respect of searching for drugs. In a four-month period, 9 were executed and 7 proved positive. In the same period, 19 arrests for various offences were made. A total of 509 staff hours was put into policing York Road. The breakdown is as follows:

December 2000	126,5
January 2001	298
February 2001	8L5
March 2001	130
Total	519

Month	Warrants executed	Warrants positive
December 2000	3	2
January 2001	3	3
February 2001	1	0
March 2001	2	2
Total	9	7

December 2000	7
January 2001	8
February 2001	0
March 2001	4
Total	19

Over a four-month period from 4th December 2000 to 31st March 2001, 3 dwelling burglaries were reported. One of these was suspected of being a false complaint in order to receive extra benefit (unproved) and an arrest was made for another. Compared to the previous measured period, this shows a 75% reduction.

In addition to the high visibility police presence, covert and cycle patrols have been mounted to reinforce the pressure placed on criminal activities. In all, this has had the effect of disrupting crime within the area to a point where criminals regard it as a "no go" area for them. (Source: Anecdotal information received by officers from known criminals who reside in the area).

One other aspect of York Road, whilst not directly affecting the burglary statistics, is that it is the only "Red-light" cruising area in Essex, which adds to the general run-down, seedy appearance of the street. This problem was also addressed by the Community Team by targeting the prostitutes and their clients, arresting where able and reporting for process in other instances.

An important part of the Police response has been close liaison with the local press. Media reporters have been informed of successful operations, giving as much detail as lawful constraints allow. Several articles have been published in the local papers, giving a very positive view of the project – including an editorial comment in one of the leading publications. This has, in turn, generated several letters from the public – both to the papers and directly to the police – giving their support. It has also served to inform the residents of what is happening, instilling the beginnings of pride and more ownership of the area.

In March 2001, a part-time Project Manager had still not been found. As this was a crucial part of the initiative, it was decided to place the Liaison Officer – Pc 49 Paul BIRD – in this role. Although this measure reduced the staff level of the Community Unit, Pc BIRD was able to take a more active role in encouraging other agencies to become involved. Up until this time the initiative had been almost exclusively a Police operation.

The Local Authority response

Since the appointment of the Project Manager, the Local Authority has become much more involved. A crime reduction officer has worked closely with the project and assisted officers with a leaflet drop advertising a property post coding weekend. This involved siting the Essex Police Crime Prevention trailer in a prominent place in order that residents could visit it to have property post coded to assist in identification in the event of theft. Officers visited premises to mark bulky items that could not easily be transported to the trailer. In all,

over 150 people took advantage of this service over the two-day period, which represents a good proportion of the residents of York Road.

In addition to the coding of property, premises are also to be made subject of "Target Hardening" by means of increased security. The initial funding bid allowed for 240 premises to be subject of such treatment over the two-year period. The "Bobby Scheme" will take a lead role in this aspect, but will only do batches of at least 30 residences at a time in order to remain cost effective.

There is currently interest in setting up a neighbourhood watch scheme for some areas of York Road. Where this is not feasible due to 'apathy, a smaller cocoon watch (HMO's forming a self-help group to watch each other's premises) is being looked into.

Environmental Health are showing an interest in becoming more involved in the project. Their role is to assist in the clearing of rubbish on one hand **and** to deal with environmental nuisances on the other. With regard to the first task, York Road residents, in the main, have shown little pride in their **surroundings**. As a consequence to this, bulky items of rubbish have been left in front gardens and alleyways, adding to the general "run down" appearance of the area. This agency will work in partnership with the Council Rubbish Clearance Contractors to remove rubbish. This will also form part of their "Spruce up Southend" campaign which is due to run in the late spring.

Abandoned vehicles will also fall into their remit, along with the DVLA. The latter will deal with untaxed vehicles whilst the former will address the others. A protocol has recently been set up between Police and the Local Authority in order to remove such vehicles with the minimum of delay. This protocol is now being adopted across the county as "best practice" and has been subject to some national enquiries.

Health Authority response

An arrest referral worker has been working at Southend Police Station for some months now. It is his job to make an approach to all prisoners who appear to have a drug dependency, with a view to referring them to a local rehabilitation centre. An Outreach Worker to work alongside this person was identified as an important part of the project. It is this person's role to make contact with drug addicts outside of the Police Station environment and to maintain that contact to encourage the person to continue with any rehabilitation process. It is not necessary that this worker only deals with persons who have been arrested and previously referred.

In order to sustain the impact made by the initial Police approach, the cycle of crime must be broken. As aforementioned, a large proportion of drug abusers live in or around York Road. They are unable to fund their habit by ordinary means, therefore they commit crime. The most common crime is to "burgle" a near neighbour and sell any goods stolen at one of the numerous second hand shops in the area, hence the high instances of reported dwelling burglaries in the area.

The Landlords response.

As mentioned, the landlords of York Road are many **and** various. One such landlord is the same Housing Association that deals with the nearby "Kursaal" Estate and therefore a good working relationship was already in place. Other Landlords, on the whole, have been supportive of the **partnership** measures, although some are reticent to assist. These are the smaller private Landlords who appear impervious to any suggestions as long as payment for the rent of their properties continues.

One of the major problems with dealing with the Landlords is that it is not always the case that one building is owned or administered by a single person or company. Considering that some houses can have 6 or more flats or "bedsits", the problem can be severe.

Landlords have given limited support to the proposed "cleanup" of the area and appear very keen to receive any assistance with "target hardening". At least one Landlord has made keys to his property available to assist Police in the execution of warrants. Another has assisted financially in the production of "Crimestoppers" posters, which are to be distributed in properties in York Road. They are also taking greater responsibility for problem tenants by enforcing tenancy agreements with the threat of eviction if they are not complied with. This is another example of how confidence in the Police response has led to a more positive approach from other partners. It is 'very much at the heart of the project to engender social responsibility of everyone involved.

Victim Support response

Victim support workers will work with other partners in respect of the target hardening programme and the continued support of the more vulnerable residents. They maintain a good liaison with the police and give valuable assistance identifying repeat victims.

The Probation Service response

The probation service run two hostels in York Road, catering for some 36 offenders. The Project Manager has reached an agreement with this service whereby any offender released to live in York Road will be notified to the police. Probation Service also offer support to offenders with regard to resettlement and rehabilitation into the community.

To date, the initiative to reduce burglaries in York Road has been a success, with a 75% reduction so far. The problem has been attacked on two fronts: The first was to reduce burglary and the fear of it. In the main, this has been achieved by a proactive Team of Police Officers working with *the* community and other partners. Criminal activity has been disrupted to the point where it has been reduced to minor instances of disorder and prostitution. (Source: Weekly Divisional Crime Analyst figures.)

The second front was to alter the way of thinking among some residents in York Road. The general perception has been that because so many people commit crime in the area, *then it* is all right for others to follow this example. This way of thinking also applies to the dumping of rubbish --- others do it, so can I. By improving the general appearance of the area and by demonstrating that Police *are* there and there to stay, a spark of pride is beginning to show. People have the support of the multi agency approach and are responding to it. (Source: letters received from residents and comment made in the local newspaper).

A common consequence of this type of initiative is that crime is displaced into other areas or into different types of crime. To date, this has not been the case and credit for this must be due to the partnership approach to the problem.

A particular success has been the role of the Community Beat Team, both in their initial approach and the continuing policing of the area. Whilst the initial intensive policing has been reduced, the Team have two *officers* who maintain ownership of the area and initiate short-term operations into such areas as drugs supply, prostitution and "kerb-crawling".

crime_report no	committed_from_dt.	committed to_dt	house_number	street name	reported_offence	offence_pre_class	committed_venue
HI 1A112318/00		30/08/00 20:40	63	YORK ROAD	BURGLARY - AGGRAVATED		FLAT.
H11A/03062/01	14/03/01 12:15	14/03/01 18:00	70	YORK ROAD	BURGLARY DWELLING		FLAT
H11A/00720101	12/01/01 11:00	15/01/01 22:00	71	YORK ROAD	BURGLARY DWELLING		FLAT
H11A114312100	12/11/00 18:00	16/11/00 09:30	72	YORK ROAD	BURGLARY DWELLING		FLAT
HI1A/02764/01	02/03/01 09:00	03/03/01 20:00	74	YORK ROAD	BURGLARY DWELLING		FLAT
HI 1A105043100	01/02/00 00:00	21/04/00 15:00	76	YORK ROAD	BURGLARY DWELLING		FLAT
H11A110931/00	26/08/00 12:00	27/08/00 15:30	76	YORK ROAD	BURGLARY DWELLING		FLAT
HI IA110076100	05/08/00 12:00	05/08/00 13:00	86	YORK ROAD	BURGLARY DWELLING		MULTIOCCUPIED
H11A/06335100	10/05/00 09:00	10/05/00 12:00	95	YORK ROAD	BURGLARY DWELLING		MULTIOCCUPIED HOUSE
H1 1A/06638/00	21/05/00 11:00	21/05/00 19:00	95	YORK ROAD	BURGLARY DWELLING		BEDSIT
HI IA/06716/00	24/05/00 09:15	24/05/00 19:30	95	YORK ROAD	BURGLARY DWELLING		HOUSE
HI 1A109166100	14/07/00 12:30	14/07/00 17:40	95	YORK ROAD	BURGLARY DWELLING		FLAT
HI 1A/09780/00	21/07/00 17:00	30/07/00 08:30	95	YORK ROAD	BURGLARY DWELLING		BEDSIT
H11A/11561/00		11/09/00 08:10	95	YORK ROAD	BURGLARY DWELLING		FLAT
H11A/15976100	22/12/00 17:00	24/12/00 12:50	95	YORK ROAD	BURGLARY DWELLING		FLAT
H11A/08807100	29/06/00 15:00	03/07/00 10:30	115	YORK ROAD	BURGLARY DWELLING		FLAT
H11A/10160100		07/08/00 20:50	117	YORK ROAD	BURGLARY - AGGRAVATED		MULTIOCCUPIED BEDSIT
HI IA/05495100	27/04/00 07:15	27/04/00 11:55	119	YORK ROAD	BURGLARY DWELLING		FLAT
HI 1A115954100	06/12/00 00:00	10/12/00 00:00	122	YORK ROAD	BURGLARY DWELLING		FLAT
HI1A/08813100	04/07/00 08:45	04/07/00 17:00	210	YORK ROAD	BURGLARY DWELLING		FLAT
HI 1A110944/00	24/08/00 20:30	25/08/00 08:20	254	YORK ROAD	BURGLARY DWELLING	ATTEMPT	HOUSE
H11AII0974/00		28/08/00 18:45	111A	YORK ROAD	BURGLARY DWELLING		HOUSE
HI1A/06144/00		11/05/00 03:00	182A	YORK ROAD	BURGLARY DWELLING		FLAT

crime_re part n 0	commlitted_from_ dt	committed to house_ dt number	street name reported _offence .	offence_ committed venue precedes
HI 1C109496/99	04/08199 06:10	04/08/99 18:10 57	YORK ROAD BURGLARY DWELLING	HOUSE
HI1C/11807/99	2910919912:00	29/09/99 15:00 63	YORK ROAD BURGLARY DWELLING	FLAT
HIIC/08477199	14/07/99 08:10	14/07/99 16:15 63	YORK ROAD BURGLARY DWELLING	FLAT
HI1C/05952199		17/05/99 23:30 68	YORK ROAD BURGLARY - ARTIFICE	FLAT
H11C/07722199	23/06/99 19:00	23/06/99 21:45 68	YORK ROAD BURGLARY DWELLING	BEDSIT
HI 1C/10787/99	06/09/99 08:15	06/09/99 17:15 69	YORK ROAD BURGLARY DWELLING	FLAT
H11A101319100	08/01/00 10:30	26/01/00 21:15 69	YORK ROAD BURGLARY DWELLING	FLAT
HI 1C107788199	29106199 09:00	29106199 14:30 72	YORK ROAD BURGLARY DWELLING	FLAT
1HI1C/08228/99	08/07/99 19:50	09/07/99 09:15 72	YORK ROAD BURGLARY DWELLING	FLAT
H11C/09408/99	04/08/99 09:30	04/08/99 11:15 72	YORK ROAD BURGLARY DWELLING	FLAT
HI I C/07135/99	09/06/99 13:45	0910619915:45 75	YORK ROAD BURGLARY DWELLING	BEDSIT FLAT
H11C/11340/99	14/09/99 09:00	17/09/99 09:00 75	YORK ROAD BURGLARY DWELLING	FLAT
HI1 C/09150/99	19/07/99 12:15	19/07/99 12:20 88	YORK ROAD BURGLARY DWELLING	ATTEMPT MULTIOCCUPIED
HI1A/01713100	04/02/00 12:00	04/02/00 12:30 95	YORK ROAD BURGLARY DWELLING	HOUSE
HI 1C/07046199	26/05/99 18:30	28/05/99 23:00 113	YORK ROAD BURGLARY DWELLING	FLAT
HI IC/08925/99	24/07/99 14:00	25/07/99 03:00 113	YORK ROAD BURGLARY DWELLING	MULTIOCCUPIED
HI1 C/06124/99	20105/9918:00	22/05/99 12:00 115	YORK ROAD BURGLARY DWELLING	MULTIOCCUPIED FLAT
HIIC105180/99	03/05/99 15:00	03/05/99 22:00 117	YORK ROAD BURGLARY DWELLING	FLAT
H11C111298/99	13/09199 21:30	15/09/99 12:00 121	YORK ROAD BURGLARY DWELLING	FLAT
Hi IA/02435/00	15/02/00 00:00	22/02/00 00:00 121	YORK ROAD BURGLARY DWELLING	FLAT
H11 C/07625/99	24/06/99 22:00	25/06/99 01:30 122	YORK ROAD BURGLARY DWELLING	FLAT
H11A/02919/00	03/03/00 13:00	05/03/00 16:10 122	YORK ROAD BURGLARY DWELLING	FLAT
HI IA/14320/99	22/11/99 05:15	22111/99 18:30 125	YORK ROAD BURGLARY DWELLING	FLAT
H11C/05633/99	10/05/99 08:00	10/05/99 18:30 126	YORK ROAD BURGLARY DWELLING	FLAT
HI I C/05643/99	10/05/99 15:00	1010519917:00 126	YORK ROAD BURGLARY DWELLING	FLAT
HI1A/I2267199		08/10/99 02:50 127	YORK ROAD BURGLARY DWELLING	RESIDENTIAL HOME ELDERLY
HIIC/06488199	01/06/99 17:15	02/06/99 04:00 128	YORK ROAD BURGLARY DWELLING	HOUSE
H11C/05913199		15/05/99 14:00 134	YORK ROAD BURGLARY DWELLING	DWELLING
HI1 C/06845/99		06/06/99 08:30 140	YORK ROAD BURGLARY DWELLING	FLAT
HI I C105930/99		13105/99 18:00 144	YORK ROAD BURGLARY DWELLING	MULTIOCCUPIED HOUSE
HI 1C/07802199	29/06/99 16:00	29/06199 23:00 144	YORK ROAD BURGLARY DWELLING	FLAT

HI 1A/12135199	30/09/99 00:00	05/10/99 14:00	2158	YORK ROAD	BURGLARY DWELLING		MULTIOCCUPIED
HI 1A112225199	07/10/99 18:15	08/10/99 09:30	158	YORK ROAD	BURGLARY DWELLING		HOUSE
HI IA/14030199	13/11/99 22:00	14/11/99 14:00	158	YORK ROAD	BURGLARY DWELLING		MULTIOCCUPIED
HI IC/07933/99	04/06/99 10:00	05/06/99 02:30	160	YORK ROAD	BURGLARY DWELLING		FLAT
HI IC/11115/99	10/09/99 20:00	13/09/99 08:30	160	YORK ROAD	BURGLARY DWELLING		FLAT
H11A/12137/99	05/10/99 16:45	06/10/99 09:20	160	YORK ROAD	BURGLARY DWELLING		MULTIOCCUPIED
H11A/12133199	05/10/99 16:45	06/10/99 09:20	162	YORK ROAD	BURGLARY DWELLING		MULTIOCCUPIED
HI 1A102389100	21/02/00 10:50	21/02/00 14:20	184	YORK ROAD	BURGLARY DWELLING		FLAT
H11C111641199	26/09/99 20:00	27/09/99 02:00	216	YORK ROAD	BURGLARY DWELLING		HOUSE
H11A/01037/00	20/01/00 11:00	21/01/00 18:30	217	YORK ROAD	BURGLARY DWELLING	ATTEMPT	HOUSE
H11 E/04546/99	14104199 19:00	20/04/99 13:00	228	YORK ROAD	BURGLARY DWELLING		DWELLING
HIIA/12893/99	02110199 00:00	23/10/199 15:00	111C	YORK ROAD	BURGLARY DWELLING		HOUSE
HIIC/07960/99	02/07/99 10:00	03/07/99 14:00	1348	YORK ROAD	BURGLARY DWELLING		FLAT
H11A/00638100	12/01/00 22:30	13/01/00 08:00	158C	YORK ROAD	BURGLARY DWELLING		BEDSIT-
HI1C110724199	03/09/99 23:00	04/09/99 02:30	85A	YORK ROAD	BURGLARY DWELLING		HOUSE
H11C/10794199	01/08/99 07:00	14/08/99 14:15	77A	YORK ROAD	BURGLARY DWELLING		FLAT
HI1 C109152199	19/07/99 11:30	19/07/99 12:15	88C	YORK ROAD	BURGLARY DWELLING		MULTIOCCUPIED
H11 C/04437/99	18/04/99 18:30	18/04/99 23:30	162E	YORK ROAD	BURGLARY DWELLING		BEDSIT